Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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PLOT TO THWART THE PEOPLE'S WILL

Machine's Desperate Scheme to Retain Control of the State Senate.

TACTICS TO CHEAT ANTI-QUAYITES.

Newspapers Denounce New Rules Adopted by Republican State Convention—Rhone Exposes Methods Used by the Department of Agriculture to Help the Machine. Coming Trial of the Alleged Legislative Bribers.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Harrisburg, Sept. 5.—The machine has devised a desperate scheme by which it expects to retain control of the state senate next year, when a United States senator is to be chosen to succeed ex-Senator Quay. The scheme is cleverly concealed in the new rule adopted by the recent state convention, putting in the hands of the state chairman dictatorial power for controlling the nomination of candidates for congressmen, judges and senators. This rule was smuggled through the convention just before adjournment, when not more than half the delegates were in the hall, and only those in the confidence of the machine knew its full meaning.

The new rule provides that "in all congressional, senatorial or judicial districts where the delegates or conferees in said congressional, senatorial or judicial districts are unable to agree and make a nomination 55 days prior to the general election, the chairman of the Republican state committee shall appoint one representative Republican from each county of the district, who shall become a part of the original body and shall have the same voice in the deliberations as the original members. In the event the convention or conference is then unable to agree within five days after the representative Republicans from each county in the district are appointed as aforesaid, the chairman of the Republican state committee shall select a representative Republican in the district who shall act as umpire or referee in making a nomination."

PURPOSE OF THE NEW RULE.

Uuder this rule the machine is confident of checkmating the plans of the anti-Quay Republicans to control the next senate. The senate consists of 50 members, who are elected for four years. Half of this number are elected every two years. Next year the senators from the odd numbered districts, and one man to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Colonel Hawkins, who was senator from the Forty-six district, will be elected. Of the senators who were elected last year, who served in the senate in the last legislature, and who will be in the senate during the session during the session of 1901, 18 are anti-Quay Republicans and Democrats. The full membership of the senate being 50, it will only require the election of eight of the 26 senators to be elected next year to place the senate in control of those pledged to oppose Quay and Quayism.

The anti-Quayites have looked forward to the selection of at least eight of the new senators to be elected next year as comparatively easy of accomplishment, but under this new rule the machine managers claim the ground has been cut from under the opposition to Quay.

Taking the Huntingdon-Franklin senatorial district as an illustration, shows the value of the new rule to the machine. In senatorial districts composed of two counties all the machine need to do is to devote its attention to one county, where it will be a comparatively easy matter to secure the endorsement of a favorite son. The rest is easy. The desired deadlock follows, and at the proper time, taking advantage of the rule, the state chairman, who is General Reeder, sees to it that a Quay man is given the nomination.

NEWSPAPERS OPPOSE THE CHANGE.

The Scranton Republican, the leading Republican newspaper in the anthracite coal regions, strongly denounces the new rule. The Republican, of which ex-Congressman Scranton is editor, declares:

"It needs but a cursory reading of the rule to discover the danger lurking therein. It is most autocratic and despotic, and violates the spirit of Americanism and Republicanism. It puts into the hands of one man a most dangerous power, without any security that the power will be wielded for the people's good. Primarily the rule is said to have been designed to aid the machine in retaining control of the state senate next session. But for whatever it was designed it is bad and dangerous, and agitation looking to its repeal should be commenced at once."

The Philadelphia Press has this to say of the obnoxious rule:

"We do not believe that the Republicans of Pennsylvania care to have the bit pulled quite so tight. Such tactics as this breed discontent within the party and tend to disrupt and defeat it. The Republican party of Pennsylvania was never in so humiliating a condition. The men who are now running the machine, sitting on the safety valve and throwing in the rosin, are preparing the way for an explosion disastrous to themselves, but, unhappily, disastrous to the party also.

"As long as there is a hope of beating the machine at the polls its rule can be borne. To destroy that hope is to invite an open rebellion. The conferree system is bad, but it is not so bad as the contemplated referee nominations. Will the Republicans of the interior who have stuck to the conferree system through good and evil report submit with patience to the usurpation which practically destroys it at one full sweep and compels the districts composed of more than one county to accept the candidates selected for them by that member of the machine who happens just then to be the dispenser of the machine's patronage and the wielder of its enormous power?"

RHONE ANSWERS HAMILTON.

The removal of Miss May V. Rhone, of Centre Hall, from the clerkship in the department of agriculture, has called forth vigorous protests from farmers all over the state. Miss Rhone is the only daughter of a farmer who ever held office under the state, and Governor Stone promised during his campaign that she should be retained. A month ago she was summarily dismissed by Secretary Hamilton and her place filled by a retainer of the machine from Northumberland county. The Grangers of Centre county and elsewhere through the state have taken up her cause and adopted resolutions severely criticizing the administration for her removal.

These resolutions called forth a feeble reply from Secretary Hamilton in defense of the administration, to which Miss Rhone's father, Leonard Rhone, former grand worthy master of the State Grange, has made a vigorous answer. Mr. Rhone says in part:

"Personally I am not concerned how many changes are made in the appointees of the department, but as a matter of justice and right these places belong to the agricultural class, but not one of the new clerks and stenographers appointed is identified with the farming class. Especially are the organized farmers entitled to recognition, as they represent the progressive element of the agricultural people, and have secured nearly all the important legislation in the interest of agriculture for the last 20 years, and I suppose they will keep up the fight for the right of the farming class until their wrongs are redressed, whether it takes one or twenty years."

TRYING TO SAVE COSTELLO.

The influence of the machine is being used to protect Michael J. Costello, of Philadelphia, the alleged legislative briber, who is accused of having followed Representative John Engle to his home in the rural districts of Lycoming county on a Sunday and offered him $500 to vote for the McCarrell bill. Costello was charged with conspiracy to bribe by the prosecuting committee, and the Dauphin county grand jury returned the bill not true. About that time it was stated that he would be prosecuted in Lycoming county for corrupt solicitation.

Costello's friends anticipated his probable arrest by instituting proceedings before Attorney General Elkin against Sheriff Gamble, of Lycoming county, for a writ of quo warranto. They charged that Gamble secured his nomination and election by the corrupt use of money which he raised on notes endorsed by Mr. Engle. The case was heard by the attorney general early in May, and has since been pending. Meanwhile Costello has not been arrested, and no apparent effort has been made to locate him. It is suspected that the case against Gamble is being held up to protect Costello. The trial of ex-Senator John Coyle, of Philadelphia, and other alleged legislative bribers, will begin in the Dauphin county court Sept. 28.

Re-Union and Annual Picnic-Exibition of the Patrons of Husbandry of Central Pa., Grange Park, Centre Hall, Sept. 15-22.

Veteran Club of Centre County will hold their annual meeting on the Park Saturday, Sept. 16th; Y. M. C. A. Harvest Home Religious Services, Sunday, 17th, 10 A. M.; Song Service, at 2 P. M. Distinguished speakers will deliver addresses in Auditorium daily during the week. Hon. W. T. Creasy, the farmer candidate for State Treasurer, will speak at 2 P. M. Wednesday. On Thursday Mortimer Whitehead, of N. J., will deliver an address. Interesting entertainments each evening. Grand exhibition of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. Splendid Poultry Exhibit. New and attractive amusements. Large display of Agricultural and Horticultural Implements. Special trains Saturday, 16th, and Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 19th, 20th and 21st. One fare for round trip. Admission free.

THE BEST SHOOTING.

The shooting in Iowa, Minnesota and South Dakota this year promises to be very good as the rainfall in all these states was abundant. The best localities for chicken and duck shooting are on and tributary to the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St, Paul Railway. A copy of a recent publication issued by the passenger department of that road can be had on application to John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, 486 William street Williamsport, Pa., and enclosing three cents in stamps for postage. 2-t.

VETERANS ARRIVING!

Thirty-third National Encampment Opened Monday.

CITY VERY HANDSOMELY DECORATED

City Is Already Crowded With Strangers and Incoming Trains Are Bringing Thousands More to Swell the Throng.

THEIR WELCOME A CORDIAL ONE

PHILADELPHIA, September 5.—With the arrival from Cincinnati Monday of acting Commander-in-Chief Johnson, the thirty-third national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic was formally inaugurated. Colonel Johnson was accompanied by the posts of Cincinnati and several bands of music. The commander was met at the Pennsylvania railroad station by a large reception committee, headed by General Lewis Wagner, chairman of the local executive committee, and escorted to his headquarters at the Continental hotel.

Every incoming train is bringing its quota of veterans and visitors, and the streets are thronged. The weather is ideal, with a bright autumnal sun and a cooling breeze, rendering sight-seeing enjoyable. Indications point to a continuance of fair weather, and those interested in the encampment are correspondingly happy.

President McKinley and his party arrived here at 9 o'clock Monday night, after a four hours' run from Washington. The president was accompanied by Secretary of War Root, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Professor Schurman, president of the Philippine commission; J. Addison Porter, the president's private secretary, and Assistant Secretary G. B. Cortelyou. Mrs. McKinley was not with the party. Assistant Secretary Cortelyou says her health is very much improved, but she remained at home on the advice of her physician. The presidential party was met at the Pennsylvania railroad station by Mayor Asbridge, General Louis Wagner, chairman of the executive committee, and a number of other city officials.

The station was thronged and a cordin of policemen was necessary to keep the crowds back as the distinguished visitors made their way from the train to the carriages.

President McKinley walked with uncovered head from the train shed to the street and was cheered to the echo. He acknowledged the ovation with many smiles and bows. The party was driven rapidly to the Hotel Walton and the president immediately retired to his private sitting room.

At 10 o'clock members of the United German Singing societies, accompanied by a band, arrived at the hotel and serenaded the president. They sang three German selections and finished with the "Star Spangled Banner," in which the multitude joined. During the rendition of the songs President McKinley sat on the window ledge and at the conclusion of each led the applause. There were loud cries for a speech, but the president merely bowed and waved his white fedora hat.

Rear Admiral Sampson, who occupies the suite of rooms directly over those of the president, enjoyed the serenade equally as well as Mr. McKinley. He stood at the window of his parlor until the last song was sung. It was some time before the throng in the street observed him, but when his presence became known he was loudly cheered. The president retired about 11 o'clock.

This morning at 8:45 o'clock he will receive Admiral Sampson and the captains of the fleet. Later he will ride over the route of the Grand Army parade to the reviewing stand on the city hall plaza. After the parade he will be entertained at length in the city hall.

The Grand Army will be officially welcomed tonight at the Academy of Music by Governor Stone and Mayor Asbridge. The president will attend and later be the guest of honor at a banquet tendered by Meade post of this city, Layfayette post, of New York, and Kingsley post, of Boston. He will leave for Washington at 11:30 tonight.

The revolution in San Domingo appears to have panned out just in time to confute the learned gentlemen who demonstrated quite recently that it would not amount to anything.

—Two nights Big Free show on Reynold's Flat, given by the Natures Remedy Co. Bring your ladies and nothing will be said or done to offend the finest lady. Seats 5c. standing room free.

THE GIRL CADETS FROM KANSAS.

In the Veteran Parade at Philadelphia.

We copy from "The North American": Boyd's Girl Cadets, of Topeka, Kan., arrived at the B. and O. station at seven o'clock Tuesday morning, nearly seven hours late, but brimful of patriotism. How the girls managed to look so neat and comfortable after their long journey is a mystery, for the other passengers on the train who had not come a quarter of the distance plainly showed the effects of railway travel.

The cadets wear a natty uniform of light blue, trimmed with white, and the regulation army cap. Canvas leggings, canteens and small muskets make up the equipment of the girls from Kansas.

When the trip to the thirty-third Encampment was decided upon, and Grand Army officials here were notified, the question of allowing the cadets to march with the veterans was discussed, and it looked for a time as though the Kansas delegation would not be headed by its pet cadet corps. But Major Boyd, their commander, is an old Pennsylvanian, and he decided that Philadelphians should see his crack military company. Comrades from Kansas stood stoutly by the girls, and the question resolved itself into "No cadets, no Kansas." So the girls proudly led the Kansas division Tuesday, and reflected credit on their organization and the State from which they come.

They received a perfect ovation, and aroused the greatest enthusiasm along the entire line of march. At frequent intervals Major Boyd put his command through various manoeuvres, which were splendidly executed, and called forth round after round of applause, During the frequent halts, the cadets executed the manual of arms with remarkable precision and snap. Their best appearance was in company front, although in column of fours the alignment was excellent.

The appearance of the cadets set the school children on the large grand stand facing North Broad street nearly wild. The young singers had become tired of the long procession of men in blue, and the appearance of this fair company was a signal for all to rise and cheer lustly. Patriotic songs were forgotten until the cadets passed from view.

President McKinley doffed his hat and bowed low as the fair Kansans passed the reviewing stand in column of fours with eyes front.

If possible, the enthusiasm displayed in Market and Chestnut streets was even greater than in Broad street. Every instrument, from a horn to a tin pan, was put in play by the enthusiastic spectators.

Jesse L. Test.

The following obituary of the late Jesse L. Test, of Reynoldsville, we clipped from an exchange, as Mr. Test was well known here in his earlier years.

Through the death of Jesse L. Test, which occurred on Monday, August 14th, Reynoldsville has lost one of its most respected citizens. Although not in good health for the last three years, the announcement Saturday that he had suffered a stroke of paralysis and subsequently that death had ensued came as a shock to the community. 'Squire Test was a native of Centre county, having been born at Philipsburg, June 11, 1823 and was at the time of his death in his 76th year. The major portion of his life was spent in his native county, where he was well and favorably known, having served at one time as register and recorder. Thirty years ago, when Reynoldsville was in its infancy, Mr. Test came to this place, and has since that time resided here, engaging principally in the real estate business, From his youth he was a faithful Christian, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church in the early part of his life, and after his marriage in 1858 to Miss Anna Rebecca Murray of Bellefonte, he united with the Presbyterian church. He was an elder in the Reynoldsville Presbyterian church from its organization to the time of his death. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Test, two of whom with the widow survive. They are: Nettie, wife of Mr. George Elliott of Philadelphia, and Effie, wife of Senator G. A. Prescott of Tawas City, Mich. Funeral services were held at his late residence and the remains taken to Philadelphia for interment.

Life Saved by a Dog.

A few days ago Roy, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lanning, of McKeesport, wandered away from the house to a minature lake and fell into the water. His screams attracted Mr. Lanning's watch dog, who jumped into the water and dragged the boy to dry land. The dog's wonderful intelligence was displayed further when he took hold of Roy's shirt sleeve and led him into the presence of his mother. Of course, when Mrs. Lanning learned of the dog's brave feat, she was overjoyed.

THE DREYFUS TRIAL!

M. Labori Springs a Surprise on Court and Public.

TELEGRAPHED PERSONAL APPEALS

To Emperor William and King Humbert to Grant Permission to Certain Military Attaches to Give Their Testimony in Name of "Justice and Humanity."

CERNUSCHI STICKS TO HIS STORY

RENNES, September 6.—M. Labori, Tuesday afternoon, telegraphed personal appeals to Emperor William and King Humbert to grant permission to Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Colonel Panizzard, German and Italian military attaches in Paris in 1894, to come to Rennes to testify in the trial of Captain Dreyfus. This was the news of the day and the chief topic of conversation in the cafés and resorts of the journalists Tuesday evening. The appeals were couched in eloquent terms, invoking the assistance of their majesties in the name of justice and humanity. They are supplementary to the formal application that was made by the government commissary, Major Carriere.

The demand of M. Labori that the court martial should issue process, subject to the approval of the two sovereigns came like a thunderbolt at Tuesday's session. The step is fraught with momentuous consequences as it affords Emperor William an opportunity again to assume his favorite role of arbiter of the destinies of the world. No one will be surprised if Colonel Schwartzkoppen in the name of the kaiser, makes a declaration that will practically decide the result of the trial.

Both Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi must consult their respective sovereigns before starting, but the counsel for Dreyfus fully expect them to arrive here, if they come at all, in time to give their testimony on Thursday, in which case the trial would probably conclude this week and the verdict be delivered on Friday or Saturday. This is the view that obtains this morning, differing somewhat from the feeling yesterday.

Colonel Jouaust told *M.* Demange at the close of the session that if he received official notification that Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Panizzard were coming to depose he would be prepared to adjourn the trial pending their arrival. An adjournment of forty-eight hours would probably give them time to get here.

A remarkable circumstance, and one that is significant of the relations between the two eminent advocates who are conducting the defense, is the fact that M. Labori telegraphed the German Emperor and the King of Italy on his own initiative, without consulting or advising M. Demange.

This morning's session will open with closed doors to hear from Cernuschi, the Austrian political refugee, the name of the foreign attache he has already mentioned as admitting that he had received treasonable documents from Dreyfus. The remainder of his evidence will be given in public. Cernuschi will be subjected to a searching cross-examination. The prosecution relies upon him as a last straw. He was interviewed Tuesday evening by several journalists, and asserted that he has in his possession documents to prove every word of his statement Tuesday.

According to a rumor now going the rounds the name of the foreign agent who, as Cernuschi declares, showed him documents from Dreyfus, revealing French military secrets, is Gerschell. The latter is said to be an Austrian officer who passed three months in Paris about the time that Dreyfus was arrested.

Senator Trarieux who testified Tuesday, will probably be confronted by Generals Mercier, Gonse, De Boisdeffre and Roget.

After that, it is understood, that the deposition of Colonel Du Paty De Clam will be read, Major Tavernier, who examined him having arrived at Rennes. This practically completes the list of depositions, unless, as is probable, Du Paty De Clam's testimony leads the defense to summon witnesses to controvert his statements.

N. E. Weaver, foreman of the transferring crew of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Altoona, spent last week as a guest at the home of letter carrier E. E. Ardery on Reynolds Avenue.

Mrs. Templeton Cruse departed Friday afternoon for Millheim to visit her father William Musser who is suffering from the effects of a wound received several years ago by the accidental discharge of a gun.

Speech of McKinley at Philadelphia.

"Comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic.

"It has given me great pleasure to be associated with you to-day.

"I have been touched deeply by many of the scenes which all of us witnessed. With the joyous side of the glad reunion to the comrades who have fought side by side in a common cause and for a common country, there was that other saddened side that so many of our comrades who, two years ago only, had marched in review through the city of Buffalo were no longer in your ranks. The circle is narrowing as the years roll on. One after another at our annual reunion is not present but accounted for. He has gone to join the great majority of our comrades who sleep tonight beneath the low green tent whose curtains never outward swing.

"But with all of it my comrades, I could not but inquire to-day as I witnessed the vast procession of old veterans and heard the plaudits of the people—I could not but ask the question, what has endeared this vast army to the American people? What has enshrined you in their hearts? What has given you permanent and imperishable place in their history? And the answer comes: 'That you saved the nation.' It was because you did something. Aye, you sacrificed something. You were willing to give up your lives for civilization and liberty; not for the civilization and liberty of the hour, but for a civilization and liberty for all the ages. That has given you a place in the hearts of the American people.

"And I was, therefore, not surprised to hear my comrade, the Judge Advocate General, in his eloquent response, utter in this presence the sentiment that from the time they journeyed from their homes in the far West until they reached this city, they were everywhere cheered by the American people.

"Great, good deeds never die. And the Grand Army of the Republic is to be congratulated to-night that the Union which it saved and the peace which it secured at Appomattox Court House, more than a third of a century ago, that that Union is stronger and better and dearer to the American people than it ever was before.

"We are once more and forever one people. One in faith, one in purpose; one in willingness to sacrifice for the honor of the country and the glory of our flag. The blue and the gray march under one flag. And we have got but one flag now, the same our grandsires gave us, the same our fathers bore.

"And that flag which you kept stainless and made triumphant, will be kept stainless and made triumphant."

Deafening applause drowned the concluding words of this reference to the present war in the Philippines.

After the applause, which lasted fully two minutes, the President continued:—

"I may be pardoned for saying in this presence that this has been one of the happiest days of my life. As I stood looking into the faces of my old comrades—they are getting a little too old for war, I think, but they are all right, though—I remember that last summer and this year we were able to convene in thirty, sixty and ninety days 250,000 of the best young men of the United States—that was due to the example of your patriotism and the inspiration of your example."

Letter Carriers' Convention.

SCRANTON, September 6.—The National convention of the Letter Carriers' Association was formally opened here Monday afternoon with a parade in which nearly 5,000 men, representing branches in all parts of the country participated. The big delegations in line were those from New York, Philadelphia and Brooklyn, which together sent 3,000 men, with bands of music. The parade was made up in four divisions, carriages with distinguished visitors, among whom were Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania; Governor Roosevelt, of New York; Postmaster-General Smith, First Assistant Perry S. Heath, Superintendent of Free Delivery Machen, Commissioner of Immigration Powderly, postmasters from the large cities and many others prominent in the postal service, comprised the first division. The carriers from New York, Brooklyn, Buffalo and other New York state cities made up the second division; those from New Jersey cities the third, and Philadelphia and other Pennsylvania cities the fourth.

In the morning there was a big Labor Day demonstration, fully 10,000 members of organized labor unions marching in parade.

—Monday Captain Hugh S. Taylor and his brother, R. B. Taylor, leased the large rolling mill which for a number of years was operated by the Valentine furnace company. The plant will be put in operation immediately, when about seventy-five men will be given employment. Its capacity will be increased.

Additional Locals.

—The co-operative glass company, of this place, is making extensive improvements to its plant, and will resume operation Sept. 15.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fisher, who reside near Pleasant View School House, are rejoicing over the recent arrival of a bouncing baby boy at their home.

—The oldest man in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's service is Edward Lockhard, 91 years old. He is a laborer in the Altoona shops, and is still able to do a good days work, although his labor is made light for him.

—The two sessions of farmer's institutes that will be allotted to Centre county during the coming winter will be held at Unionville and Howard.

According to the order of the State Board of Agriculture the Unionville institute will be held on Monday and Tuesday, Feb 12th and 13th, 1900, and at Howard on Wednesday and Thursday, Feb. 14th and 15th, 1900.

—Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Mary Wooden Jackson, daughter of Mrs. Mordecai William Jackson of this place, to Mr. Joseph Erwin Bowles, of Knoxville, Tenn. The ceremony will occur on Tuesday evening, September 19th, at 8 o'clock at the St. John's Episcopal church Bellefonte, to be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder on North Allegheny street.

—Friday evening's storm proved very destructive in and about Howard. The fine large barn belonging to Robert Confer whose farm adjoins that of Colonel Woodward was struck by lightning and totally destroyed with all contents save two horses, one colt and one calf. Mr. Confer carried insurance on his property but the amount will by no means cover the loss he sustained which is quite heavy. The stable of the Syracuse House in Howard borough was also the target of a lightning bolt but fortunately no extensive damage was done, a cow in the stable was killed however. It is said that the storm which raged with terrific fury for some time was the heaviest that has visited Howard and vicinity in many years. Jacksonville it is reported, suffered considerably from the effects of the storm, bridges were carried away and the main street of the little village was entirely flooded, sidewalks were displaced and conveyed to remote points. Although no accidents are reported, the damage done is extensive.

—The Golden Rod dance Friday evening in the armory fittingly concluded the summer series of delightful assemblies. This dance was perhaps the most successful of the number previously given. The interior decorations of the armory were profuse and elaborate and harmonized beautifully with the lovely and charming costumes of the young ladies in attendance. The music as usual a feature of the evening was furnished by Chappel's orchestra. The festivities lasted well into the night. Despite the inclemency of the weather a large and fashionable gathering participated in the pleasures of the occosion. Many guests were present from our neighboring cities and towns. In all the Golden Rod dance was the most attractive and enjoyable of the summer social diversion.

—Mr. William Fisher, of Hublersburg, has accepted a position in Joseph Bros' store as clerk. He will take the place formerly filled by Paul Fortney.

—Wm. Corman aged 23, died on Thursday of last week at the home of Abram Switzer at Coleville, and was buried on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The cause of the young man's death was spinal trouble.

—On Sunday evening at half past eight, a young couple drove up to Rev. J. Womelsdorf's home on Willowbank street and asked him to marry them, which the Rev. did. The contracting parties were Miss Edith Bradley and Wm. H. Reed, of Coleville.

—A few days ago a young fellow in Penn's Valley, near Bellefonte, shot a 17 pound turkey. Knowing he would be prosecuted he made information against himself, paid one-half the $25 fine and costs. The same evening a neighbor went to make information and was surprised on being told the case was settled.

—The postal authorities have run against a small-sized snag in their effort to establish a free delivery at Lewistown. The present quarters occupied by the post-office have been condemned as unsuitable, but so far the efforts to secure a better and more suitable room have come to naught. The unfortunate part about it is that until more commodious quarters are secured, the operations of the free delivery cannot be put in service.

—It is said, that, *N.* A. Crissey the aeronaut, who met with a fatal accident at Punxsutawney last Wednesday by falling 1800 feet from his balloon, was a native of our neighboring town of Howard. He was 27 years old and unmarried.

—Second Lieutenant George L. Jackson of the 47th United States Vol. Regt., returned Monday morning from Harrisburg where he had been ordered to report for duty. He has been ordered to Bellefonte to open a recruiting station, for a period of fifteen or twenty days. Now is the chance for the boys who are anxious to go to the Philippine Islands.

Monkey Sense.

There have been several letters in your columns recently discussing whether animals have reason. The question seems to me much like discussing whether dawn is daylight, but I am not proposing to debate it. I only wish to call attention to the fact that the numerous instances of intelligent animals, made famous by your correspondents, are all dogs! Blood is thicker than water. Please record the following instance of intelligence and other equally admirable qualities in another race, somewhat nearer to us on the family tree. Dogs are only mammalia. Monkeys are primates.

A friend who was encamped in the woods recently witnessed the following occurrence: A troop of monkeys, which seemed to be a picnic party, under the charge of chaperons, came to cross a creek by his camp. They came along, traveling as usual, from tree to tree by interlacing limbs, and at the creek side soon found some vines which made a suspension bridge. There was considerable skylarking going on in the procession, but the chaperons marshaled all across the bridge except two. These two had dodged behind trees and palpably and deliberately got left on purpose, and when the rest of the picnic was safely out of sight they selected a nice narrow seat, where they sat extremely close together, apparently deep in conversation and as happy as could be. After some time the larger one spied a fruit hanging not far below him, and began to reach down to try and get it. His reach proving too short, he took a twist with his tail around the limb and swung for it But even his tail was too short, and the fruit still hung a foot or more out of his reach. His smaller comrade saw the difficulty, and solved it at once. She grabbed the tail firmly, loosed it from the limb, while at the same time her own tail took a turn around it, let her comrade's tail twist about her wrist, and then, all [illegible] braced and anchored, she reached down until she had lowered him in reach of the fruit. He gathered it, and in a minute was back by her side, and they were eating the fruit together. What dog could have ever figured through a problem like that, beginning with getting left by the picnic? And what dog would have failed to eat the whole prize himself, only growling at his comrade to keep off? But blood will tell!—Forest and Stream.

Patent Land Rights.

Much of the real estate and farm lands in Centre county are held by the owners under the original grant made by the Commonwealth, or what is called a state patent. Much of this is of course still in the hands of the families of the original holders while other portions have been resold many times.

There is not a little, however, for which the state never received the purchase money and others where the interest and even the fees of the patent were never paid. By an act of May 26, 1897, the secretary of internal affairs was instructed by the legislature to enter liens against such lands and enforce the collection of the amounts due by scire facias sur liens directed to the sheriff of the county.

Now the legislature by an act approved last May has made it impossible to clear up the titles to all such lands at a minium expense to the owners. On paying $15, the fees for the patent, all other claims will be released. This will amount to a good deal in many cases.

It behooves people whose lands are burdened in this way to take prompt steps to clear the title. It is presumed that the act was passed for the benefit of somebody who wanted to get a clear title and is more than possible, even probable, that the next legislature may repeal it.

The Crops in the State.

Deputy Secretary of Agriculture Martin has returned to Harrisburg from a tour of half the counties of the state and speaks very encouragingly of the conditions of the crops. He found the oats crop up to the average, except in Bucks county. In some districts it runs as high as 70 bushels to the acre. The wheat crop is not as favorable, although the damage by the Hessian fly has been exaggerated. In the western part of the state fair crops have been harvested, 25 bushels to the acre being about the average.

Not less than 1,000,000 persons attend the 73 branch Chautauqua assemblies every summer.

WHO IS TO BLAME. Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy promptly cures. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y

Sweet Wedding Bell

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Koontz, on Willowbank street, was the scene Wednesday evening Aug. 30 of a very pretty wedding when their eldest daughter Anna, was united in holy bonds of wedlock to Morton Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs Jacob Smith, of this place. The ceremony was performed at exactly 7:30 o'clock by Rev. Dr. W. A. Stephens pastor of the Methodist church. There were about forty-five guests present and many beautiful and useful presents were received.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, a bounteous wedding supper was served and a congratulatory reception held.

The bride was attired in white nainsook and carried a beautiful bouquet of white roses. She was attended by her sister, Miss Jennie, as maid of honor. She was dressed in white and carried a bouquet of pink roses. The best man was Mr. Ralph Mallory.

The bride and groom are two of Bellefonte's most popular young people. Both are vocalists of more than passing note having been members of the Methodist choir for several years. The groom is employed at the Standard Scale works and is an industrious young fellow. They will not go to housekeeping until spring and until then will reside with Mrs. Ann Cox, the brides grandmother on East Logan street.

JEWISH NEW YEAR.

Monday Marks Beginning of 5660 in Hebrew Calendar.

Monday evening marked the beginning of the Jewish year 5660. The day was observed by Jews throughout the world. The holiday lasted until after sunset on Tuesday.

Jewish holidays, festivals and Sabbaths all begin the evening before the appointed day, the authority for this being the statement (Genesis i, 5), "And it was evening and it was morning, one day," etc. This, it is asserted, distinctly states that the evening belongs to the next day.

The first day of the seventh month of the ecclesiastical year, called Tishri, which is the first day of the first month of the civil year, has been set apart for the New Year's festival and happens this year on the 5th inst.

The duration of this festival at first was one day, and is so to-day in reformed Judaism, as being strictly according to the directions of the Bible (see Leviticus xxiii, 24, and Numbers xxix, 1), while the Orthodox brethern still celebrate two days as New Year, as it was observed in olden times, when there was no strict computation of time and no published calendar, and the people did not know whether the month should have twenty-nine or thirty days.

The manner of observing this holiday is by complete rest from labor, by divine worship of especial solemnity, and by a conscientious examination of our conduct during the past year in order to prepare for the coming Day of Atonement. Three names have been given to the New Year's festival to show its different meanings—Day of Remembrance, Day of Judgment and Day of Blowing the Trumpet.

It is called Day of Remembrance because, according to tradition, on this day the creation of the world was begun and the Lord will remember all His creatures on earth.

It is called Day of Blowing the Trumpet because Scripture ordered blowing on the ram's horn on this day, and, according to tradition, this is to remind us of the blowing of the trumpet at the revelation on Sinai, and of that at the day of judgment, so that it may rouse us to repentance and prepare ourselves for the great day of atonement.

It is also called Day of Judgment because tradition teaches that on this, the anniversary of the world's creation, God brings every soul to judgment for its deeds.

McClure's Magazine for September opens with a poem on the Dreyfus affair by Edwin Markham. Following this comes a character sketch of Admiral Sampson, by Ray Stannard Baker, giving many interesting incidents and anecdotes of the Admiral's life as boy and young man in his home town of Palmyra New York. It is illustrated with a series of portraits of Sampson and various other pictures.

Miss Tarbell concludes, in this number, her series of papers on the later life of Lincoln with an account of Lincoln's funeral.

An illustrated paper by Theodore Watrs describes the wonderful methods of the Hydrographic Office in "guarding the highways of the sea," and gives, from records of the Office, some strange stories of sea storms, derelicts, and icebergs. An illustrated paper by Cleveland Moffett gives a very interesting account of Menelik, the king of Abyssinia, a black man, more or less barbarous in costume and custom, but still eagerly interested in the newest developments of science and invention and devoted to the elevation of his people.

There are half a dozen good, strong, interesting stories in the number, including a true story of army life by Capt. J. E. Brady and a true story of railroad life by Cy Warman.

The S. S. McClure Co.,
141-155 East 25th Street,
New York City.

CLOSING SESSION OF COURT.

Many Small Cases Disposed of—Report of the Grand Jury.

The following court proceedings are specially reported for this paper by W. Harrison Walker, Esq.

WEDNESDAY 2 P. M.

In the case of James Martin found guilty of f and b, a petition was presented for a new trial, and the Court granted a Rule as prayed for returnable at October Argument Court. Sentence suspended.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Daley; indicted for assault and battery. Grand Jury ignored the bill and placed the costs on Daniel De Haas.

Commonwealth vs. Jno. J Raymond; indicted for desertion. Case continued to November Court.

The arson cases in which Christian Sharer of Taylor township is prosecutor, were all continued until November Term of Court, owing to the illness of the defendants.

Commonwealth vs. John Long and Susan Long; indicted for fraudulently secreting property and making threats Prosecutrix Emma F. Forhsinger. Bill ignored and county directed to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. William Quick; indicted for malicious mischief. Prosecutor L. C. Bullock. Defendant found not guilty and costs divided equally between prosecutor and defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Edward Haugh; indicted for f. and b. A True Bill returned. Case continued.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Hayes; indicted for f. and b. A True Bill returned. Bench warrant issued.

Commonwealth vs. Wm. C Snyder; indicted for f. and b. Case settled.

Commonwealth vs. Blaine Williams; indicted for f. and b. A True Bill returned. Bench warrant issued.

Commonwealth vs. Jno. Zimmerman; indicted for f. and b. A True Bill returned. Bench warrant issued,

Commonwealth vs. Chas. Shank; indicted for f. and b. Case continued to November court.

Commonwealth vs. Ollie Teller; indicted for assault, threats and carrying concealed weapons. Bill ignored by Grand Jury and prosecutor Ollie Gibbs directed to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Krape; indicted for f. and b. True Bill returned and Bench warrant issued.

Commonwealth vs. Jas. Murphy; indicted for f. and b. True Bill returned.

Commonwealth vs. J. H. Auman; indicted for assault and battery. Bill ignored and prosecutor Barnet Eisenhuth directed to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Hiram Gill; indicted for f. and b. True Bill returned.

Commonwealth vs. Ellen Auman; indicted for adultery, Defendant committed to jail.

Commonwealth vs. Barnet Eisenhuth; indicted for fornication, prosecutor, J. H. Auman. True Bill returned.

Commonwealth vs. J. W. Smith, W. L. Smith and Henry Grall, indicted for malicious mischief. Defendants found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $1 00, costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in jail of Centre county for a period of sixty days.

John Bilger vs. Spring township. This was an appeal from the auditors report of Spring township. Verdict in the sum of $9.35 in favor of plaintiff subject to the question of law reserved by the court.

J. Toner Lucas vs. Mrs. Josephine Davis. This was an appeal. Jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $42.59.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

To the Honorable the Judges of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Centre, August Sessions, 1899.

The Grand Inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, inquiring for the county of Centre, in all matters relating to the same, do respectfully report:

That they have acted upon twenty-eight bills of indictment of which twenty were found true bills, and eight ignored. One report of bridge at Reynolds' mill approved. We beg leave to report

That we have visited and inspected county buildings and find the jail in fair condition generally as also the dwelling part of the same. No repairs about the court House are necessary at present except that the Prothonotary's office should have put on new paper. We would respectfully recommend that a new desk be placed in the sheriff's office for the use of the sheriff, and that the water closets of the jail be repaired at once, they being the old style iron hopper closets entirely unfit to be used in a sleeping apartment, and are detrimental in the health of the business and should be replaced by new ones of a modern style. It is further recommended that the sheriff's stable be lined and repaired.

We respectfully tender our thanks to he Honorable Judge and District Attorney for their courtesy and assistance rendered us during our deliberations.

J. C. Henderson, Foreman.
Dated Aug. 30, 1899.

Every now and then some Ohio man who has failed to land something equally as good, jumps up and declares that Senator Hanna is a bold bad man who is sure to ruin the party.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

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Where It Must Lead

It is a curious fact that the anti-expansionist leaders of the Democratic party do not foresee where their savage denunciation of the administration policy with respect to the extension of our trade is leading them with such rapidity.

The public has their word for the assertion that there will be no change on their part on that question. They consider the war a crime, an inhumanity, a blunder. Logically, then, they are bound to say so when they assemble in their national convention, and the hope here is strong that they will say so in the most emphatic language they can command. They will in other words, declare the war a failure!

Once before in its history the Democracy declared a war, successfully prosecuted by a Republican administration, a failure and the world knows the price it paid for that folly. It this year it is to be repeated the trite saying that history repeats itself will again be proved true.

Mr. Bryan might resort to a doctor's certificate to get out of that promise to campaign for Goebel in Kentucky. He is certain to be sick of the job before he gets through with it, if he is not so already.

Somehow it seems that it is the unadvertised hurricane that always does the most harm. Another proof of the value of advertising.

The defaulting Chicago banker who ran away with money belonging to churches and breweries cannot be charged with discrimination in his stealing.

According to a statement issued by the War Department, the Cuban revenues for the first six months of the year paid all the expenses of the military occupation and left a surplus of more than a million dollars.

A curious industrial fact is that practically all of the world's large silver and gold mines are operated by either American or English capital. That is the way we may invest our surplus money-when we get it.

The Sultan of Turkey is again in a position to invite abuse; his treasury is empty.

The Kansas farmers to turn out to listen to anti expansion speeches. They are to busy expanding their pocket books with the results of Republican prosperity.

The Secretary of the Treasury says that he will not be required to issue any more bonds, and that the Dingley bill is all the legislation which will be required in the way of revenue laws. Notwithstanding this claim, the Patent Office has recently required the seals of Notaries Public to be certified to by the Clerk of the County Court. This means an additional ten cent revenue stamp on each certificate, and the propriety of such a requirement is seriously questioned, for it is well known that the seals of Notaries Public are accepted by every court without proof.

Secretary of War Root is much gratified at the result of Brigadier Bates mission to the Sultan of Sulu, by which he recognizes the authority of the United States and accepts a similar annuity to that formerly paid him by Spain. His internal administration will not be interferred with and the "twin relics of barbarism" will flourish as before.

CURRENT RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Childlike faith is not childish credulity.—Boston Congregationalist.

Christ said: "Let your light shine," but he did not say, blow your trumpet on the street corner.—Ram's Horn.

We need more of God and Christ in our lives, and nothing should be done to lessen or weaken the religious faith of the people.—Rev. Dr. Conaty.

Many people who account themselves good Christians are good Christians only in the crowd. It is so easy to go with the multitude.—Rev. George Hodges.

Nature gives us perfection, because nature is the handiwork of God; man ever presents imperfection, because he seeks to make himself.—Rev. W. H. Carwardine.

How often does the commission of a sin, which is supposed to be a mere peccadillo, lead to the commission of a greater sin, and that to a still greater, until the soul sinks overwhelmned with guilt and is lost forever!—United Presbyterian.

The fuller, better, completer education of the teacher is that of genuine personal character. The true power of the teacher is not in his ability to impart facts, but in this higher power of impressing his higher and better nature upon the student. Here is the great need in all teaching. This important qualification can be acquired in no other way so well as by an incorporation into your lives of the great basal principles of the religion of Jesus Christ.—Rev. A. C. Smithers.

A Counterfeit Note.

A counterfeit ten dollar national bank note has been received at the sub-treasury in Baltimore. The counterfeit is on the notes of that denomination issued by the Third National bank, of Philadelphia, and is listed by the treasury department among the counterfeits known to be in circulation. In the early service of the counterfeits the latter "C" was omitted from the word "currency" in the upper right hand corner, but in the note just received the "C" appeared.

The figures on the note are blotted and irregular. Mr. Percy Hammond, paying teller, said the General work on the note is bad and that it cannot be considered a good counterfeit. It was taken in by a collector for a brewing company. Its genuineness was doubted and it was sent to the sub-treasury for examination. Being declared a counterfeit, it was confiscated.

A number of reports of German Chambers of Commerce transmitted by the consuls to the State Department, unite in saying that the Dingley tariff has practically wiped out the exports of manufactured goods from Germany to this country. The Dresden Chamber says that if present conditions continue, Germans will have to move their plants to this country. No wonder the foreigners prefer a Democratic Administration.

There is a passage about bewaring when all men speak well of you, which would seem to apply to Secretary of War Root.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

POSTMASTER General Smith says that if the accounts of the assaults by white cappers on the postmaster at Peck, Fla. are found to be correct, the office will be closed. The postmaster had appointed a negro assistant.

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S. Kingston McCay, 426 Walnut St. Philadelphia. july 20 13t

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REBERSBURG RUMBLINGS.

Among the visitors of last week, were Rev. Charles Stover and family, of——Rev. P. Bockman, of Troutville, Clearfield Co. and Mrs. Binkley, of New Berlin.

Miss Birdie Wolfe, is visiting at her uncle John's at present.

The violent rains of the past week, have swelled the streams so that the grist mill, can again run full time.

Misses. Rebecca Moyer, Mabel Brungart and Elsie Philips started Monday for Allentown, where they will attend the Allentown College for Women.

Orvis Frank, will in a few weeks go to Selinsgrove where he will attend college. May success attend him.

Willis Cole, was called home to attend the funeral of his youngest son.

Epley Gentzell and best girl, of Nittany valley, spent last Sunday in our town.

Robert Vonada's youngest daughter Anna, was buried in our cemetery on Sunday morning at two o'clock. She was buried at night, because her death was caused by that dreadful disease diphtheria.

Willis Cole, has beautified his home by the addition of a beautiful porch, also is having it painted by Percy Kester, who is a skilled artist with the brush.

Quite a number of our towns people took in the Business Men's Picnic at Hecla park last Thursday.

A. E. Strayer, moved into his own house last Thursday, and Benjamin Smith, moved into the house vacated by Strayer.

S. B. Miller of Millheim, was canvassing our Valley, for girls to work in a shirt factory, at that place.

C. E. long, has employed a skilled butcher of Nittany, to assist him in his work. Clarence is certainly doing a hustling business.

Charles Beck, started for Renova, last Monday, where he has procured steady employment.

Some of our farmers, have already sown their grain.

Joseph Condo, is down with the malady of the season

Joseph Bierly, who is suffering with a severe attack of typhoid fever, is not much improved at this writing.

George Krumrine, has again left for the Quaker city, where he is engaged in selling country produce.

A few of our generous citizens, presented C. J. Crouse and wife, with a fine dinner set.

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TOLD BY PRISONERS.

Spaniards Tell Their Treatment by the Filipinos.

STORIES ARE THOSE OF HARDSHIPS.

The Insurgents Are Reported as Short of Rations and Try Every Scheme to Get Food and Munitions from Manila.

TWO CABLEGRAMS FROM OTIS.

MANILA, September 4.—Many Spanish prisoners are escaping from the Filipinos and bringing into the American lines stories of hard treatment. They agree that the Filipinos are short of rations and that a large section of their troops is reduced to the use of home-made black powder. The natives are trying every scheme to get food and munition from Manila. Daily arrests are made for attempting to smuggle contraband of war through the American lines. In one case a cargo of bamboo poles were overhauled and the poles were found full of rice.

The insurgents have a wholesome respect for the British on account of several threats of English warships to bombard their towns unless the rights of British subjects are respected. Two British vessels, the Lacson and the Nero, were driven by stress of weather into the harbor of Dagupan, the northern terminus of the Dagupan railway. The crews were imprisoned, but on their protesting that they were British subjects, the insurgent authorities permitted one man, Edwards, to come to Manila, promising to release the crew of the Lascon if Edwards secured form the British consul at Manila a statement establishing the nationality of the crew. A similar concession was made to the crew of the Nero. Edwards says he saw several American prisoners, who were better fed than the Spaniards or the Filipino soldiers. Moreover they were not compelled to work as the Spanish prisoners were.

A force of native police has begun to patrol the city of Manila, co-operating with the provost guard, whose lack of knowledge of the language and the resorts of native criminals had given many opportunities for burglary, an industry which has been flourishing of late. The new force includes many of the old force and some insurgents who had grown tired of fighting. It has already done good work in running down native criminals.

The American secret service recently found a Filipino spy in Calamba. He is supposed to have been the man who stole four guns belonging to the Washington regiment. He offered desperate resistance to the soldier who was sent to capture him, and tried to run away with two revolver shots in his head. Finally he was brought down by a rifle ball in the hip. He died after jumping from the stretcher and trying to run.

General Bates, it is expected, will establish posts at Zamboanga in the islands of Tamtani, Jolo and Bongao.

Late Sunday afternoon the Kansas regiment embarked on big barges in the river and were towed to the United States transport Tartar, the regimental flag flying and the men cheering and singing The Tartar sailed for home Sunday evening.

A Rooster on the Pilot.

Altoona accommodation pulled into Johnstown Saturday morning with a large Leghorn rooster perched on the pilot of the locomotive. As soon as the train stopped Gateman James Greenwood attempted to capture the bird, but just as he reached for it the rooster flew over the hillside and started to reduce the insect population. The engineer said he didn't know where the fowl boarded the train, nor is he able to understand how it managed to stick to the pilot.

CONSUL Bedloe at Canton, China, has been suspended and directed to return to this country pending an investigation of the granting of a certificate of American ownership to the steamer Abby. This vessel was seized on Sept. 23 of last year by the McCulloch at Batanjas in the north of Luzon. She had arrived in port three days before and had landed a cargo, of ammunition for the natives. None but Filipinos were on board when the McCulloch arrived and they had no papers. The statement is made that the boat was held at Canton by the Chinese, but was released upon obtaining the certificate from Consul Bedloe. A Philadelphian is believed to have been interested in the filibustering venture.

—Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Mary Elizabeth Hale, only daughter of Mrs. Sophie Hale, of Philipsburg, to Clarence A. Snow, of Bradford. The ceremony will take place at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, September 12, at the spacious family residence at Philipsburg. The bride who has hosts of friends in Bellefonte where she frequently visits is a descendant, on her mother's side, of the Atherton family, who came from England at an early day and settled in Centre county where their descendants still reside. Miss Hale is a daughter of the late Elias Hale and granddaughter of John M. Hale, who in his life time was one of the leading men in Centre county.

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PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES' Schedule in effect July 10, 1899.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.40 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.20 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9 30 p m, leave Williamsport 12.50 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.40 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.00 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District. No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD. Time table in effect July, 10, 1899.

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 26	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 26	8 26	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28	3 28	8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 30	8 31	..... Vail	8 43	11 09	5 57
7 41	3 40	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 44	8 47	....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	3 53	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 40
8 00	3 59	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 05	4 03	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 05	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 06	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 12	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct.		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 16	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 20	9 32	..... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 23	9 40	...Philipsburg ...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 29	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	4 34	9 50	..... Blue Ball.....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	4 40	9 56	.....Wallaceton...	7 35	9 56	4 39
8 47	4 45	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	4 50	10 08	...Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	4 54	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	4 58	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 03	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 07	10 26	.....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 12	10 32	.....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 18	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	5 37	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	5 43	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	5 51	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	5 57	11 04	.....Grampian	6 49		3 21
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after July 10, 1899.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 0	2 43	9 70
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 01	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	...Eagleville...	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 24	10 11	.....Unionville....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail , ...	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 56 and 55 will run daily.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No. 1	No. 5	No. 3	Nov. 21, 1898. Lv.	AR.	READ UP No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.			p.m	a.m.	p.m
†7 10	†7 50	†2 40	Bellefonte		10 17	9 40	▷ 10
7 22		2 52	Nigh		10 04	9 27	4 57
7 28	8 02	2 58	Zion		9 59	9 21	4 51
7 33	8 08	3 03	Hecla Park		9 54	9 16	4 46
7 35	8 13	3 08	Dunkles		9 52	9 14	4 44
7 39	8 18	3 09	Hublersburg		9 49	9 11	4 40
7 43	8 19	3 13	Snydertown		9 46	9 06	4 36
7 46	8 23	3 16	Nittany		9 44	9 03	4 33
7 48	8 26	3 18	Huston		9 42	9 00	4 30
7 51	8 20	3 21	Lamar		9 40	8 57	4 27
7 53	8 32	3 23	Clintondale		9 38	8 54	4 24
7 57	8 35	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		9 34	8 49	4 19
8 02	8 39	3 32	Mackeyville		9 30	8 43	4 13
8 08	8 44	3 38	Cedar Springs		9 24	8 37	4 07
8 10	8 50	3 40	Salona		9 22	8 35	4 05
8 15	8 52	3 45	Mill Hall		†9 17	†8 30	†4 00
	8 57		(BEECH CREEK R. R.)				
11 45			Jersey Shore		7 55		3 25
12 20	9 50		Arr	WM'PORT Lve	7 21		†2 56
12 34	10 25		Lve	WM'PORT Arr	†6 85		2 30
	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY.)				
8 29			PHILA		11 30		†8 36
10 40	7 09		NEW YORK		9 00		†4 30
	‡9 30		(Via Phila)				
p.m.			Ar.	Lv.	p.m.		a.m.

*Daily. † Week Days, 8 6.00 p. m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 36 p. m.

J. W GEPHART, General Superintendent.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD. In effect July 10, 1899.

Westward.				Eastward.	
p m	a m		a m	p m	
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 50	
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47	
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35	
2 05	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27	
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 35	4 16	
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08	
2 31	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 45	
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32	
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25	
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17	
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10	
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 23	3 02	
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55	
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48	
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43	
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38	
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34	
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24	
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21	
10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 1	

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm. 1†	Exp. †5		EASTWARD. Mail. †2	Exp. †4	Bellf Ac 6†
a.m	p m	a m Lv	Ar a m	p m	p. m
6 30	4 15	10 30 Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37 Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42 Morris	f8 35	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47 Whitmer	f8 30	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53 Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56 Fillmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02 Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05 Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08 Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20 Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 35 State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24 Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10	Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15	Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe	Leave	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection		4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg		5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte	Arrive	5 20

Altoona and Philipsburg Connecting RAILROAD.

Condensed time table in effect July 10, 1899.

EASTWARD—Week Days.						
Ramey	7 00	7 40	9 00	1 00	4 10	6 20
Houtzdale	7 14	7 58	9 14	1 14	4 24	5 24
Osceola Mills	7 33	8 38	9 33	1 33	4 43	6 43
Philipsburg	7 47	8 56	9 47	1 47	4 57	6 57

WESTWARD—Week Days.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Philipsburg	8 00	11 00	3 00	5 10	6 10	8 10
Osceola Mills	8 15	11 15	3 15	5 25	6 26	8 25
Houtzdale	8 34	11 34	3 34	5 44	6 58	8 44
Ramey	8 47	11 47	3 47	5 57	7 10	8 57

Read Down. SUNDAY TRAINS. Read Up.

P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 10	12 43	8 38	..... Ramey	10 27	2 47	8 57
6 24	12 57	8 52	.....Houtzdale.....	10 13	2 34	8 44
6 43	1 16	9 25	...Osceola Mills...	9 53	2 15	8 25
6 57	1 30	9 25	....Philipsburg....	9 39	2 00	8 10

CONNECTIONS—At Philipsburg (Union Station) with all Beech Creek Railroad trains for and from Bellefonte, Lock Haven, Williamsport, Reading, Philadelphia and New York; Lawrenceville, Corning, Watkins, Geneva and Lyons; Clearfield Mahaffey and Patton; Curwensville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Ridgway, Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester.

At Osceola for Houtzdale and Ramey with P. R. R train leaving Tyrone at 7 20 p. m.

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G. M. H. GOOD, General Superintendent.

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IT'S DIFFERENT, because it is non-sectarian and broad; every party, every faith, every class, and the workingman equally with the millionaire, gets a fair hearing in its columns.

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One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$12
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TREASURER,
JOHN K. THOMPSON,
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REGISTER,
JAMES B. STROHM,
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COMMISSIONERS,
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of Union Township.
MATTHEW F. RIDDLE,
of Spring Township,

CORONER,
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of Gregg Township.

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ARCHIE ALLISON,
of Gregg Township.
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of Houston Township.

EDITORIAL.

OUR CAMPAIGN OFFER.

As the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is the recognized official organ of the Republican party in Centre County, and as it is our intention to make a sturdy fight for Republican victory on the State and County ticket this fall, we have decided to offer the REPUBLICAN from now until the close of the campaign for the surprisingly low price of 25 cents. We will not send out any more FREE sample copies so if you want to be in the push send in your subscription now. $1.00 per year if paid in advance or 25 cents for the campaign.

The REPUBLICAN is a clean up-to-date newspaper, publishing all the latest news together with the best miscellany and stories obtainable. Don't forget the offer, tell it to your neighbors, 25 cents for the REPUBLICAN until the close of campaign.

ADMITTING the excellence of the Democratic County ticket, we are not obliged to point out the superiority of the Republican County ticket because this fact is patent to all who know a good man when they see him.

THE Republican party will not shrink from the faithful discharge of the new duties that we owe to the civilized world and especially to the Filipinos themselves. Those duties were not of our seeking, they came as the culmination of events which human agencies could not control or direct. The United States would have gladly escaped these responsibilities had such been possible, but recognizing that we cannot honorably retreat, we will carry the matter to a successful conclusion.

JOHN R. McLean of Ohio may fool some people into believing that he is running for Governor, but most everyone will take it that his objective point is the United States Senate.

STAND TOGETHER AND WIN.

Our Democratic friends in the county are trying hard to persuade themselves and others, to believe that the Republican County ticket is owned and controlled by General Hastings and came into existence only by his choice and consent. To the conservative and intelligent body of our citizens such ideas and conjectures are both silly and absurd. Every one who knows anything about the why, and wherefore, of the recent political contest in the county, knows that the one object in view was the election of State Delegates. Neither faction for a moment considered the County ticket in the controversy. It was completely lost sight of in the intensity of the State Delegate struggle. The county candidates for county office, with personal political aims and ambitions at heart, held aloof from the conflict and viewed the battle from afar off. They steadfastly pursued the even tenor of their way and worked out unassisted by either faction, their own salvation. Their nominations were unquestionably the result of individual effort, and dictatorial manipulation of conditions did not enter into the selection of the ticket. The candidate who failed to secure the convention's favor has no cause for hard feeling or animosity toward his more successful competitor. The convention acted in accordance with the wishes of the Centre County Republicans as evidenced and expressed at the preceding primaries. The will of the people was obediently respected and faithfully carried out. The Republican County ticket is the ticket of the Republican *Party* of the county and *not* the creation of a faction or machine. Not a single nominee owes his success to a dictator or a boss. He fought his own fight and won his own victory. The entire ticket represents the choice of the Republicans of Centre county and is entitled to the full and unanimous support of *all* Republicans. Those not favorably disposed toward General Hastings, Judge Love or Quay for that matter—though the introduction of Quayism or anti-Quayism in the County campaign this year is neither necessary nor good politics—need have no fear that in voting the ticket they are supporting the cause of any of the above named. Neither General Hastings nor Judge Love has interest in the County ticket other than that, which every Republican should have for their party representatives. The Republicans of Centre county should not permit the Democratic press of the county to influence their minds against the work of their convention. Your accredited representatives in the convention obeyed your commands. They selected a ticket that merits the respect and confidence of every Republican in the county. Stand by your ticket, vote it straight. Victory is ready to perch upon the Republican banner in old Centre. Do not miss the opportunity—We should win, we will win, but we must stand together.

SOUTHERN SENTIMENT WITH McKINLEY.

President McKinley's Pittsburg speech in which he expressed in emphatic terms the administration policy with reference to the Philippines and called upon the country at large to witness his determination to pursue the plans of campaign in the conquered territory in the Orient until American sovereignty prevailed throughout the islands and controlled the future government of their people, has elicited from all parts of the country warm praise and hearty and loyal expression of approval and confidence. It is most satisfactory and pleasing to note that despite the frenzied efforts of the "anties" to create a universal opposition against the President, his administration and his Philippine policy, their criticism and denunciations meets with but slight and ineffective recognition. The press of the nation, the great indicator of public sentiment, has given world wide publicity to the President's recent declarations and with but a few exceptions has discussed with patriotic and loyal fervor the pros and cons of his admirable conception of our country's obligations to the "accidental" results of our war with Spain. Southern sentiment has been generously promulgated by the southern press and perhaps no journal south of Mason and Dixon line so clearly and concisely expressed the popular feeling of the true American than did the *Memphis Commercial-Appeal* which editorially commented as follows:

"Whatever we may think of President McKinley, there is no doubting that in his speech welcoming the return of the Pennsylvania volunteers at Pittsburg he voiced the popular sentiment of this country.

The speech was in answer to his critics, and also an announcement of the policy of the administration. He rapped the Tagal-Americans who are lending aid and encouragement to the insurgents, and when he said, in commenting on the soldiers who remained in the Philippines voluntarily, after their term of enlistment had expired. 'They did not run away. They were not there serving the insurgents in the Philippines or their sympathizers at home. They had no part or patience with the men, few in number, happily, who would have rejoiced to have seen them lay down their arms in the presence of an enemy whom they had just emancipated from Spanish rule and who should have been our firmest friends.' Everyone felt that he was speaking the verile sentiment of manly Americanism.

To such speeches there is a national and a natural response. It wells up in the heart and it cannot be suffocated or silenced. It must have expression and voice, and when it sends up a patriotic 'Amen!' hats usually go up with it. The announced policy in the Philippines is the only rational or sensible policy which it is possible for our government to pursue. We are there through no desire of our own, through the misfortunes of war, and there we must remain. We can not leave without courting national dishonor, and commercial disaster as far as the trade with the east is concerned."

LAST HONORS TO HAWKINS.

The remains of Colonel A. L. Hawkins, the heroic leader of the Tenth Regiment, who sacrificed his health to his duty of remaining with his boys, and, when his duty was finished, died from its heroic discharge, were laid in the final resting place at Washington, Pa., last Friday. The regiment of the dead Colonel, bodies of the State military and a vast assemblage of the friends and admirers of the deceased united in the final honors to the brilliant career and its closing act of heroic devotion to duty.

It is impossible to pass by the occasion without testifying anew to the magnitude of the sacrifice which resulted in the death which Pennsylvania mourned and honored last Friday. Colonel Hawkins' life and service were replete with public spirit, gallantry in fighting for his country and devotion to his flag. These qualities are well worthy of honor, though fortunately they are not unusual in the records of American patriotism. But the singular and exceptional record of this life was in its ending. "Greater love hath no man than this, to lay down his life for his friend." Colonel Hawkins showed that surpassing love for the men under his charge which involved a laying down of his life, rather than to leave them in a foreign land for the preservation of his own health. Warned that his further stay was dangerous to his disease he deliberately chose to stay with the boys entrusted to his care, and gave up his life in that devotion to his sense of duty.

No death could be more noble, no memory more transcendently glorious, no honors paid to such devotion to duty can be beyond its merit. The name of A. L. Hawkins should be immortal, for the love he bore his country and his country's flag, and the sacrifice he made for those associated with him in defense of its honor, a nobility of action which ended only with his life.

POLITICAL prognosticators predict the election of the Republican County ticket this fall by a majority ranging from 500 to 700.

LABOR DAY.

In the more obvious sense of the words every secular day is a labor day, because it is a day on which men are expected to work, whereas the day that is appointed to be specifically "Labor Day" is not, in the contemplation of the law, a labor day at all, but a general holiday. Nevertheless, it is the one day of the year which labor, an especially organized labor, claims as its own and celebrates in its own way, and therefore it is appropriately called Labor Day.

The celebration of this day dates back to 1882. During the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor, in New York city, that year, P. J. McGuire, a well known labor leader, proposed that all the labor organizations in the city turn out on parade to show their strength. The suggestion was favorably received, and, though the labor unions did not parade with their full strength, and some of them, it is said, did not parade at all, the ball was started rolling and the popularity of the innovation grew with each year until it became a matter of legislation.

Long agitation, however, was required to secure legislative sanction for the new holiday. It was not until 1887 that a bill was introduced in the New York Legislature making Labor Day a legal holiday in that State, and even then New York was the second to make such an enactment. Oregon passed the law first, but New York followed at once, and then came Maine, Colorado, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. In 1894 a similar bill was passed by the Congress of the United States, and Labor Day thus became a national legal holiday, a distinction shared by no other day—not even by the Fourth of July, which has never been recognized by Congress as a national holiday. At present Labor Day is a legal holiday in thirty-six States and the District of Columbia.

In Bellefonte and in most interior towns but little attention seems to be paid to the day. If the banks did not close, we would hardly get a reminder of the fact that it was, or had been, of importance enough to have at one time occupied the attention of the national law making power.

The significance of the day lies in its recognition of the dignity of labor. Its primary object was and is to advance the interests of the working classes and secure to them their rights. It is claimed that greatly beneficial results have followed its establishment. Labor's estimate of itself has been raised, enthusiasm has been engendered among the working men, their rights have been insisted on and recognized in many ways, notably in the establishment of Bureaus of Labor in various States and a Department of Labor in the National Government, and it may be said that the present great advance in American products of labor in the markets of the world owes no small part of its importance to the sentiments and feelings fostered by this institution.

This year, in Philadelphia, Labor Day happens to fall coincidentally with the beginning of the festivities attendant upon the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at which many old soldiers and Centre county citizens have been drawn. The two celebrations need not interfere with each other in any way, but they may have a relative significance which is made greater by considering them in juxtaposition. The Grand Army of the Republic is composed of men who fought for four years to preserve their country, and will be honored forever for that work. The Grand Army of Labor is composed of men and women who fight all their lives to sustain the wealth of the country and raise it to a higher level, industrially, socially and economically, and they also are entitled to recognition of their fellow citizens. The two great armies, one of the past, the other of not only the past but also of the present and the future, may well meet together and cheer and honor each other.

SECRETARY Root is considering a plan for modifying the Porto Rican tariff in order to do most good to the producers of the island without reducing revenues too much.

THE OLD AND THE NEW.

The great gathering at Philadelphia this week of the military and naval veterans of the Civil war and the attentions and honors being showered upon them there afford conclusive evidence that the men who saved the Union are still held in highest honor by the people of the nation. When an enthusiastic welcome was being extended to the soldiers returning from the Spanish and Filipino wars, an ill-judged attempt was made by a few persons and papers to make it appear that such demonstrations in some way involved a forgetfulness of the greater services rendered by the soldiers of the Civil war. The fact was far the contrary. The most enthusiastic among those participating in the reception to the young soldiers of our recent wars were to be found among the men who followed the flag in the days of the Civil war, for they had a fellow feeling for the returning troops which it was impossible for the civilian to share. It is true that the campaigns against the Spaniards and the Filipinos were neither as long nor as bloody as those of the Civil war, and that the issues at stake were not as great, but veterans of the Union recognized the fact that the returning soldiers of these later wars had done their duty to the flag as faithfully as they had themselves, and they rejoiced therefore in doing them honor. Many of the old soldiers also had sons among the new ones, and were prouder of their achievements than of their own greater ones.

There can be no jealousy between the old defenders of the flag and the new. Tuesday the sailors of to-day and of a third of a century ago marched side by side in the streets of Philadelphia, and to-day the soldiers of Civil and later conflicts will keep step together to the music of the Union. Alike the patriotic people of the nation will do them honor, reserving, however, for the older veterans the special consideration to which the vastness of the service they performed to the nation and humanity entitles them.

IF anybody has any doubt of the increased activity of the manufacturing interests—though how that could be doubted is difficult to understand—he will find some important and interesting facts upon that subject in an examination of recent statements of the "Financial Chronicle" showing cotton bales taken by spinners; of the boot and shoe shipments reported by the "Shoe and Leather Reporter;" the official returns of imports of raw silk and india rubber which are used in manufacturing, and in the returns of the Iron and Steel Association, showing the consumption of iron in the United States. The number of bales of cotton taken by spinners in the United States is shown to be 42 per cent greater than in 1890, the number of boots and shoes shipped from the factories, 28 per cent greater than in 1890, the raw silk imported for use in manufacturing, 63 per cent more than in 1890, the india rubber imported for manufacturing, 51 per cent more than in 1890 and the iron consumed (half a year) 46 per cent more than in the corresponding months of 1890.

Dewey on the Rock.

Gibraltar, Sept. 6.—Admiral Dewey, who has recovered from his indisposition, is much pleased at the cordial welcome that was accorded him here.

The admiral is living ashore at the Bristol hotel. Monday he lunched with Mr. Horatio J. Sprague, the United States consul at Gibraltar.

Admiral Dewey, Monday expressed a favorable opinion as to the outcome of the war in the Philippine islands, saying that he hoped the next dry season would see the insurrection quelled.

The admiral said that he did not expect to go on sea service again, except in the event of war, and that he will probably retire under the regulations.

THE editorial talk about demanding of ex-Speaker Reed his reasons for leaving Congress is simply impudence run mad. He isn't the first man to leave public life in search of a fortune, which could be had, by stifling conscience, by remaining in office.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF CIVILIZATION.

The United States is hearing these days from all quarters of the world, something about the responsibilities which civilization, power and opportunity thrust upon a nation. A newspaper published in Rome declares that the disturbances in Santo Domingo and one or two of the Central American republics impose a duty upon the United States of exercising a protectorate over Cuba until that island gets the knowledge of self-government sufficiently thorough to enable it to avoid the spectacles made by other people of its race on this continent. One of the London papers, the Speaker, says that "whether the American Government is popular in the Philippine Islands or not, it is vastly superior to any Filipino administration."

This is the view of the world regarding America's duties and responsibilities at the present time. These duties cost some sacrifices in life and money, but they have to be performed in the interest of civilization. Upon the white races, and principally upon two or three families of these races, will devolve the government of all the barbarous or half-civilized peoples. Asia is partly parceled out among three or four of the powers of Europe already, and Africa is almost wholly divided up among them and among a few small independent or quasi-independent countries like the Congo Free State, the South African Republic and the Orange Free State, whose governments are run by white men. The islands of the sea are either all under the control of a few of the great nations or are likely to be in the near future. Japan is about the only nation of any of the inferior races which has a chance to endure.

A part, though only as yet a very small part, of the burden of giving peace, stable government and civilization to the inferior races falls to the United States. Upon this country is thrust the responsibility of giving to the inhabitants of the Philippines the only condition approximating to actual freedom which they ever had. This duty the country will promptly and cheerfully perform, the only condition which it asks from the inhabitants of the islands being the recognition of American sovereignty. The outside world looks to the United States for the protection of the citizens of the different nations in the Philippines, and protection can be given to them only after American control is fully established. Civilization demands that we shall preserve the peace among the warring tribes in the islands and abolish piracy in them, which has been practiced ever since Europeans began to make their appearance in the waters of that region four centuries ago. All these reforms are dependent upon unrestricted American control. The task of the Americans in the Philippines is to establish peace and diffuse civilization among the savage and barbarous peoples of the Philippine archipelago and then to gradually lead them into the ways of self-government. No great nation ever was confronted with a higher and at the same time more difficult duty in its dealings with inferior races, and the duty will be performed with courage, intelligence and tact.

Workingmen who are interested in seeing business activity among home manufacturers will be gratified to know that the importations of woolen manufactures in 1899, under the Dingley law, were but $13,831,967, against $49,162,992 in the last year of the Wilson law; manufactures of fibers' $25,132,585, against $32,546,867 in the last year of the Wilson law; manufactures of wood, $14,499,487, against $20,543,810 in the last year of the Wilson law; manufactures of iron and steel, $12,098,239, against $16,094,557 in the last year of the Wilson law; manufactures of leather, $11,116,55[illegible], against $13,283,151 in the last year of the Wilson law, and manufactures of tin-plate, 108,484,826 lbs. in the fiscal year 1899, against 230,073,683 lbs. in the fiscal year 1897, the last year of the Wilson act.

WHILE it never snows in the Philippines, Aguinaldo is sure to have his "Cold day" just the same.

THE distress of the fault-finders over the alleged shortage of revenue and their assertion and there will probably be need for another public loan to carry on the war will be materially modified by the discovery that the receipts of the Government in the first 29 days of August were $3,000,000 in excess of expenditures and that during the first two months of the fiscal year the receipts were only about $5,000,000 less than the expenditures in spite of the fact that July expenditures are always far above the average. It is quite apparent that the receipts are now averaging more than the expenditures, and that the deficit, so much desired by the opponents of the administration, is not likely to materialize during the present fiscal year.

INSURGENT chieftans may challenge our admiration and arouse our sympathy, but they and their misguided adherents cannot be permitted to decide for the eight million inhabitants of the Phillippines whether they will accept the blessings of orderly and stable goverment under the restraint of American institutions. And no true American will aid in hampering the government when the United States flag is facing armed opposition and American soldiers are giving their lives in its defense.

THE speech of President McKinley at Pittsburg to the Tenth Regiment, indicate that "commercial expansion" is the policy of the administration. It was a just rebuke administered to the antis, and sounds the keynote of the next campaign. The flag will not retreat in the face of the enemy under this Administration.

MR. BRYAN'S suggestion to "license the trusts" smacks of the "high license" plan of dealing with the liquor traffic. It will crush out the small trusts, but the big ones will only become stronger.

THE people at the New York Chautauqua likened Roosevelt to *Grant*, while on the other hand Aguinaldo with some others is said to be a second George Washington. Abraham Lincoln seems to have had as yet, no imitators.

UNDER the careful and economical administration of the War Department, Cuba not only met all her obligations for the first six months of 1899, but there was a surplus of $1,480,021. Still better results may be expected as time goes on.

THE democrats should hasten to get *M.* Bertillon on their staff. He would doubtless be able to make a diagram showing that Mr. Bryan wrote the Declaration of Independence, and thus afford needed inflation to a collapsing boom.

BY attacking the defenders of the American flag in the rear, the democratic antis may think they are helping Aguinaldo, but they will certainly not help themselves or their party.

THERE are sixteen legal holidays in the Philippines, not counting those of the Americans, but the pay envelopes are very thin.

THE GUYER HAT FALL 1899

OUR FALL FLANGE BRIM FOR SALE BY

MONTGOMERY & CO.

Sole Agents

Bellefonte, Pa.

"Peace brought us the Philippines by treaty cession. The Senate of the United States ratified the treaty Every step taken was in obedience to the requirements of the Constitution. It became our territory, and is ours as much as the Louisiana purchase, Texas or Alaska. A body of insurgents, in no sense representing the sentiment of the people of the islands, disputed our lawful authority, and even before the ratification of the treaty by the American senate, were attacking the very forces who fought for and secured their freedom. * * * Our humanity was interpreted as weakness; our forbearance as cowardice. They assailed our sovereignty and there will be no useless parley, no pause until the insurrection is suppressed and American authority acknowledged and established. The misguided followers in rebellion have only our charity and pity. As to the cruel leaders who have needlessly sacrificed the lives of thousands of their people at the cost of some of our best blood for the gratification of their own ambitious designs, I will leave to others the ungracious task of justification and eulogy."—President McKinley on American Soldiers in the Philippines, Pittsburg, August 28, 1899.

MR. BRYAN'S horror of syndicates does not seem to have caused him to sever his financial relations with the great silver trust which put up such enormous sums of money in his behalf prior to and during the campaign of 1896. He posed during the campaign as a poor man, unable to live without active employment, yet nobody has heard of his legitimately earning a single dollar, aside from his infliction of his books upon the public, since the campaign of 1896 begun. And his expenses meantime must have been something enormous, since he is constantly traveling and would not of course(?) accept railroad passes. It seems not unreasonable, since Mr. Bryan insists upon the confidences of the people and appeals for their support for the highest office within their gift, and that the people should know how he has been supported in his last three years' candidacy for a renomination, especially in view of the well-known fact that he was supported in the last campaign by the greatest trust ever known in this country, namely the silver trust.

LAWYERS of the highest professional standing are not proof against the modern tendency to try prominent cases in the newspapers. This tendency is all wrong, and it should be considered a serious breach of ethics for counsel in my case to attempt to influence either the public or the judiciary by giving out statements for publication. It is they who are to blame. Newspapers will naturally print what the public is interested in.

OHIO politics seem to be somewhat mixed, but it is a safe bet that General Coxey will be found on that side where the butter for his bread is most plentiful.

PLENTY OF IT.

Lots More Proof Like This and it is all from Bellefonte People.

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating of it." If any city or town in the Union has sufficient proof on the following subject it is Bellefonte. Genuine merit is finding its reward in the hearty endorsation of local citizens. When people right here at home, friends and neighbors of our readers give a statement like the following for publication, it is proof convincing for the most skeptical. Read this testimony.

Mr. W. E. Hines, of No. 1 Beaver Row, locomotive engineer, says:—"I was suffering from an acute lameness in my back, and a dull, lingering aching over my kidneys. I felt it in my head also and there were pains over my eyes and in the top and back of my head and in the upper part of my spine. I was afraid I would not be able to attend to my duties as I was on night work and had to get some rest in the day time, for on account of my back and these pains I could not rest well. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and obtained them from the Bush House Block drug store. They proved to be just the remedy I required and they removed the whole trouble.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

CORRESPONDENCE

SPRING MILLS ITEMS

The Misses Wagner are the guests of their sister, *Mrs.* Wm. Smith.

Traveling salesmen are plenty in town lately.

Wm, Graden is wearing a broad smile.

Fishermen have made up their minds to catch all the fish evidently from the way they turn out along the creek. However they'll not get all the suckers, as some will be left for Grange Picnic fakers.

The town was quiet Thursday last, as a great many of our towns people spent the day and many half the night at Hecla Park and on the train.

Friday evening and night we were visited by the heaviest rain and electric storm we have had this summer. At times the heavens were entirely illuminated by the lightning to be followed by an inky darkness. The rain descended in torrents, an in consequence the streams were swollen and muddy.

Monday our schools opened and by all indications this should be a prosperous year. The directors very wisely have have selected Dr. D. M. Wolf as Principal and Misses Bartholomew and Sankey to instruct in the other rooms. Dr. Wolf and Miss Sankey have been with us so long satisfactorily that they need no recommendation and Miss Bartholomew is spoken most highly of where she has taught previously. This together with the fact that our "burg" is filled with many fertile young minds should make it the banner year.

A little frost Tuesday morning.

Miss Mabel and Harry Grenoble, of Gettysburg, are visiting among friends since Monday. Headquarters at J. N. Leitzell's.

We are sorry to learn that the oldest child of O F. Korman is dead. Funeral took place Tuesday.

Reverting to an ancient fable the trial may be hard on Dreyfus, but it furnishes lots of fun to the rest of the world.

GOVERNOR Thomas of Colorado, who visited San Francisco to welcome the returning troops, has written the War Department praising the arrangements made for their comfort and health. Secretary Root has responded that "there are so many ready to say ill-natured things that it is gratifying to have expressions of favorable opinion of this description." Governor Thomas is opposed to the administration politically, and this makes his testimony all the more valuable.

IF certain Mexican editors had the proper conception of President McKinley's home job, they would not be accusing him of trying to control *Mexico*.

THE New York City men are queer ducks. They actually think they deserve credit for not asking outside contributions to pay the expenses of the Dewey welcome.

SOME people are jeering at Senater Blackburn of Kentucky because he admits he has changed his mind. When a man has been in hot water as long as Joe, he is justified in changing his course in order to reach shore.

A DEMOCRATIC exchange says that "Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota has also joined the opponents of the administration." This is putting the nurse in front of the baby buggy. The enemies of the administration have been joining Senator Pettigrew for some years past.

AGUINALDO claims to have 7,000 Spanish prisoners, soldiers, merchants and priests. He offers to release these men for $1,000. a piece, though Spain is a neutral nation with which he is at peace. His action is precisely that of the Greek and Sicilian bandits who kidnap prosperous travelers and hold them in their fastnesses for ransom. In other words, Aguinaldo is a blackmailer and bandit and nothing more.

THE announcement of a political fight between ex-Governor Hogg and Congressman *Joe* Bailey, on the Senatorial question, indicates that Texas is jealous of the Kentucky political mix-up.

LEVEL-HEADED Americans will not find anything to rejoice in over the news that a syndicate of American and European capitalists has been formed to establish an enormous plant in Switzerland for the construction of railroad machinery, by American methods.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Colonel Davidson, ex-congressman from the 11th Kentucky district, is in a critical condition from paralysis.

Beginning Monday New York firemen will be allowed time off duty for three meals a day, instead of two, as heretofore.

Mayor R. E. Boyle, of Atlanta, Tex., is in jail charged with murder, for shooting his brother-in-law, Albert Culberson, on the street.

John Miles, an actor, formerly with the Salvini company, will enter a theological school at Toronto to study for the Baptist ministry.

The sixtieth anniversary of the birth of of the late Henry George was celebrated at New York, Sunday, by the Manhattan Single Tax club.

The backbone of the strike at the Lake Superior mines has been broken, the majority of the men going back to work at the old schedule.

The aged wife of Judge John J. Jackson, of the United States court, is dangerously ill at Parkersburg, W. Va., from a shock sustained in a runaway accident.

Three hundred miners of the Soddy coal company, at Soddy, Tenn., who demanded ten per cent. increase in wages, have compromised on a five per cent. advance.

For the third time within a few months the toll gate on the Eminence and Clear Creek turnpike, in Shelby County, Ky., was destroyed by dynamite.

Death of Irene Katherine Musser.

Irene Katherine Musser, daughter of Postmaster M. M. Musser, of Aaronsburg, died at her home in that village Wednesday, August 30, at one o'clock p. m. She was born at Fiedler, Centre County, October 8, 1867, making her age 31 years, 10 months and 22 days. She had been troubled with heart disease, which at last resulted in dropsy, terminating her useful life just as the sun had reached the zenith, almost before it had commenced to lean towards the west.

On Saturday morning, September 2nd, they laid her weary body to rest beside her beloved mother, who but three short years ago had preceded her to the land of the great hereafter. Until she became too weak she acted as assistant to her father in the post office where, by her gentle, ladylike manners, she made herself a universal favorite.

When they laid her away hundreds of sorrowing friends gathered around her bier. Her beloved pastor, Rev. A. G. Wolf, of the Lutheran church, paid a feeling tribute to the many excellent qualities possessed by the gentle lady who now lay cold mute clay in their midst.

A father, two brothers and a sister sustain this great loss and bereavement. May the Lord comfort them in this hour of unconsoleable grief.

What to Do in Case of Fire.

"What to do in case of fire" is a subject seldom discussed without arriving at the conclusion that rules in such a case are of little value because people are so likely to lose their heads at such times that anything they might know would be of little practical value. Nevertheless, the careful drilling that is gone through in schools, stores and other places has proved that at critical times adherence to rules during a fire has saved many lives.

Many precautions can be taken applicable to hotels and private houses. When going to a strange place to remain over night, one should always take the time and trouble to learn the exits. Find the quickest ones and then note the position of the windows, and the possible means of escape from them, to other buildings. Also find the way to the roof. The doors of a house should be closed on retiring, as they will cut off the spread of the flame in case of fire. If it breaks out, the doors should be shut immediately. Windows should be opened at the top, and if one is obliged to be in the smoke, wet a towel, stuff it in the mouth and breathe through it. This keeps the smoke from the lungs. If one is cut off and the room is full of smoke, crawl along the wall to the window, always keeping close to the floor.

Fire always goes to the top of large buildings, and for this reason it is better not to go to the roof, unless as a last resort. Firemen urge persons not to jump, even if the blaze is scorching—in case the firemen have begun to scale the building. If it is necessary to go through the flames never do so without first guaging the distance and covering the head with a blanket, or some heavy cloth. Hundreds of people lost their lives because they first lose their heads. Above all things keep cool.—Detroit Free Press.

FOR the first time in its history the democratic party has only two United States senators from all the Northern, Eastern and Western states. With the exception of Delaware it has no governors left in all the north. It would be in a hopeless minority in the lower House of Congress if silver had not been ignored or repudiated in several states. Hence the republicans are tickled to see that Mr. Bryan reiterates his intention to keep the silver issue to the front.

Found Near Karthaus.

A. V. Hoyt, of Philipsburg, has in his possession a specimen of a curious deposit found by a Frenchman who was prospecting for coal about six miles from Karthaus. The man came across it about seven feet from the surface and the vein was about six inches in depth.

The Ledger says it looks not unlike slack, being a dull, dead black in color, but there were lumps of considerable size taken out. These lumps are easily pared down to a powder, and upon applying a match to the powder or the lump it goes off with a slight hissing sound and produces a clear blaze of considerable size. This quickly burns out and leaves a residum of light green color very brittle and slightly acrid to the taste. The strange find has been analyzed and the assayer found it difficult to believe that it came out of the earth, but it did.

Admiral Sampson Asks to Be Relieved.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—In an interview yesterday Rear Admiral Sampson confirmed the report that he had asked to be relieved from command of the North Atlantic Squadron after the Dewey reception at New York. The Admiral said: "I sometime since asked Secretary Long to relieve me of the command of the squadron after the reception of Admiral Dewey, but the Secretary has not yet fixed a definite time when my relief shall be ordered.

Root's War Policy.

"Let me pledge it to you that such an army will see to it that this war in the Philippines will be waged without one blot on the flag under which they fight; that not one foot of ground made sacred by the shedding of American blood on that distant shore shall ever return under the domain of savagery or semi-civilization."

At this the veterans rose up in their places and cheered and cheered again. There was no mistaking the drift of sentiment in that throng. President McKinley was smiling. His Secretary of War went on:

"In the performance of this duty the President and his Cabinet will stand behind the army with all their influence, and we believe that Congress and the American people will stand behind them."

Secretary Wilson made a brief speech, and Mr. Schurman was then introduced.

Freedom for Filipinos.

Mr. Schurman said we had been compelled to take the Philippines, whether we would or no. "Whether or not we believe in expansion," he said, "the fact remains that when we ratified the treaty of peace we committed ourselves to expansion, and the only question that now remains is whether we shall carry out the terms of the treaty.

"We are in the Philippines to discharge the responsibilities of government. First requisites are the maintenance of law and order and the establishment of justice. Then, and not until then, can we bestow liberty and self-government. When peace is restored and law and order prevail, these people will have the freest government any people ever had."

Baptism by Fire.

CHAMBERSBURG, Sept. 6.—Seeking converts to a new doctrine, that of baptism by fire, the Fire Baptized Holiness Association is engaged in disseminating its belief among the people of Letterkenny township.

Evangelist Silas Hensell says that he was a poor farmer who has been baptized by fire. Hensell is a good talker, but it is doubtful whether his eloquence can persuade the farmers of that section to give up their valuable farms. This is what he advocates.

The evangelists are severe on the finery and silk dresses worn by women. One young woman was so worked up over their statements that she put all of her good dresses in the flames. Believing their assertions that hogs are unclean. Farmer Murrer has disposed of his large herd.

—Ed. O'Conner, of Philipsburg, drove a party of young ladies from that Burg to Half Moon, Sunday, to attend the Quarterly Meeting, of the Hicksite Quakers. The party were generously entertained by the people of Half Moon. The young ladies were Mrs. Julia Bollinger, Misses Carrie Lingle, Mina Schuman, Anna Morris and Anna Scott. This meeting always attracts a number of visitors to whom the novelty of the simple form of worship is a never-failing source of interest.

James Fluck and wife arrived in town last Thursday evening having driven from their home in Sallidaysburg Lycoming County a distance of about fifty miles. They are visiting at the home of Hamilton Otto on East Lamb street. After remaining here a short time they will visit Snow Shoe and other places.

—Percy Young, the ten year old son of Ralph Young, of Farrandsville, celebrated Labor Day by putting a plug in a piece of iron pipe, loading the pipe with powder and firing it. The plug blew out and hit the lad between the eyes while his face was badly burned by the powder. Fortunately the lad's eyes escaped injury.

SENATOR TILLMAN boasted in a speech delivered in Providence Tuesday that South Carolina believed in giving the colored man his legal rights, barring the political side. Whatever the Tillman kind 'believe" they do not give the colored men their legal rights, civil, political or any other kind. But to boast that they disregard the Constitution and refuse the colored men the right to vote is characteristic. That is true of nearly all the Southern States. And yet those colored men are counted as voters in making up the representation of the South in Congress and in the electoral college. Without those fraudulent votes the Democrats would not have controlled Congress or have elected a President since the war. Is this fraud to continue indefinitely?

IF it is true, as reported from Rio de Janeiro, that Germany has purchased a large tract of land in Brazil, the matter will require some explanation. It does not seem reasonable that the Brazilian *Government* would allow any European nation to become the owner of such a tract of land for colonization or any other purpose. The report may be unfounded.

THE advance of freight rates on the Great Lakes will account for a part of the advance in the price of iron. Last year ore was carried from the head of the lakes to Cleveland for 50 cents a ton. Now $1.50 is charged and there is not enough tonnage to carry all the ore that is offered even at that rate. Iron is not apt to be any cheaper next year.

—Charles L. Bailey aged about 75 years died Tuesday at his home in Harrisburg, of stomach trouble.

Mr. Bailey was one of the most prominent iron masters in central Pennsylvania. He is survived by a wife and five children. His oldest son, William, is the husband of a daughter of ex-Secretary of War Alger.

Boys School Suits

Two special offerings in Boys' School Suits, of absolutely pure all-wool fabrics and in durable colors. These Suits are sewed throughout with silk; in style, cut and finish are correct in every detail.

KNEE TROUSER SUITS—Sailor Vestee and Double-Breasted styles. Ages, 4 to 16 years—$3.00

LONG TROUSER SUITS—One of the first Autumn offerings. Ages 13 to 19 years—$5.00

All-Wool Knee Trousers 50 cents.

Orders by mail promptly and accurately filled. Should the clothing be unsatisfactory, we will exchange it or refund the money on return of the goods.

Montgomery & Co.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY ON EASY terms, possession given immediately. Inquire of C. K. Hicklen, agent.

Aug 29-1m-d and r.

BELLEFONTE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Gerberich & Son. The following quotations are taken at 6 p m on Wednesday of each week.

	PER BUSHEL		PER TON
Wheat new	63c	Ground Plaster	$8
" old	68c		PER BUSHEL
Red Wheat	63c	Buckwheat	30c
Rye	40c	Clover seed	
Corn, shelled	35c	Crimson Clover	
Corn, ears new	35c	seed	$4
Oats, old	25c		
Oats, new	25c		

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

	PER POUND		PER BUSHEL
Lard	07c	Potatoes, new	50c
Country Shoulders	06c	Onions	50c
Country sides	06c		PER DOZEN
Tallow	03c	Eggs	12c
Butter	18c		

The free-traders who were in such high feather over the slightly increased importations of the fiscal year 1899 have lost interest in that subject since it is discovered that this increase was almost entirely in articles required by manufacturers whose business had been increased by the protective tariff. The imports of raw silk for manufacturing were in the fiscal year 1899 $31,876,342, against $17,558,163 in the last year of the Wilson law; of raw fibers for use in manufacturing the imports of 1899 were $20,290 727, against $13,446,186 in 1898, and $12,336 418 in the last year of the Wilson law; of crude india rubber the imports for use in manufacturing were in 1899, $31,876,342, against $25,545,391 in 1898, and $17,558.163 in the last year of the Wilson law; while the imports of tin for use in manufacturing tin-plate were, in 1899, $11,843,-357, against $8,778,151 in 1898, and $6,-533,352 in the last year of the Wilson law. The only reduction in imports of material for manufacturing was in wool, of which the imports in the last year of the Wilson law, which were admitted free of duty, were $53,243,191; in 1898, the first year of the Dingley law, they were $16,-783,692, and in 1899, the second year of the Dingley law, but $8,322,897.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

S. H. Ellis, of Waynesville, O., has accepted the Union Reform nomination for governor.

A new order forces the New York Elevated railroad guards to remove their whiskers, and officially names them captains.

S. C. King, of Clarion, Ind., was instantly killed at Mannington, W. Va., while boarding a train for the Philadelphia G. A. R. encampment.

The steamer Angeline, one of the largest steel freighters of the lakes, belonging to the Presque Isle Transportation company, was launched at Detroit, Mich.

The University of California, at Berkley, will erect a monument to the collegians who died in the late war.

The steamer Darie sailed from San Francisco with nearly a million Mexican dollars for Chinese business houses.

The next session of the international law conference will probably be held at Rouen France, during the Paris exposition.

Gilbert Benning, 20 years old, and Abraham Hill, aged 13, were drowned from a rowboat in the harbor of Buffalo Saturday.

An Old Resident Returned.

Several years ago, an Italian came to this town, and opened a booth near the 1st National Bank, in the Diamond. He at first confined himself to selling peanuts, other dealers who handled peanuts, with other goods, (therefore did not depend upon their sale for a living) thought they would run the stranger out, and reduced the price to a figure that was supposed to be too much for successful competition. But the new comer was not to be beaten so easily, and he met their "ante," and went them several points better. The consequence was, that peanuts were furnished to our people at a lower price than the lovers of that toothsome nut, ever had thought porsible to reach. Nor was this all, he added to his stock, all kinds of nuts, fruit, candies, tobacco and cigars. Making his competitors sick with his surprisingly low prices and the excellent quality of his goods. People bought nuts, fruit, candies, etc., who never bought before, and those that had bought now bought ther more. This man was Carlo Cuneo. Objection was made to his occupying the place which he had in the square and he moved his building down to the lot of Daniel Garman on high street, sold out and shortly after left the town. The place is still in operation and is run by Geo. Thall. Mr. Cuneo, has returned to Bellefonte, and has rented a room in the Brockerhoff block, next door to the the Hotel office, the room is being repaired, and he will open for business this Thursday, Sept. 7 when people can expect to buy, all kinds of nuts, fruit, candies, cigars and tobacco, at prices that defy competition, as did the prices at which he met the freeze out competition, of years ago. Call and see Carlo Cuneo, and he will meet your wants at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

Who is Responsible.

It has seemed to be a matter of doubt as to who should pay for the property that was destroyed at Woodward, several years ago, in an effort to arrest W. R. Etlinger for the killing of constable Barner. In this effort the house occupied by Etlinger, was burned by order of Sheriff Condo. Judge John G. Love has lately handed down a decision declaring the burning of the home of Etlinger was illegal and that the sheriff is responsible to the owner of the property for the damage caused.

Killed All the Chickens.

The wife of a Centre county farmer dropped an earring while feeding her chickens last week, and the jewel was quickly gobbled up by one of the fowls. Unable to pick out the particular chicken, she killed them all, one by one—twenty-seven in number—but failed to recover the earring. Then she began to look around, and found it in the grass where the old hen had dropped it.

ENORMOUS LOSSES.

Caused by Fruit Destroying Insects in This State.

State Zoologist Fernald spent a goodly part of this summer in studying the fruit growing industry of the state and the insects that injure the fruit. He says that fruit raising in Pennsylvania has for some reason been neglected and in consequence is an occupation of but small importance as compared with what it might be made. The census of 1890 shows that fewer bushels of apples were raised in Pennsylvania than there were bearing trees, while the yield should average several times this. Moreover, the fruit which is obtained is, much of it, so injured by the attacks of insect and fungi as to greatly reduce its value, while quite a portion of that which at first forms is so quickly affected by one or another of these causes, as to soon drop off and be an entire loss.

The fruit tree, to pay, needs as much care as any other plant, and the person who starts an orchard and expects to reap any benefit from it without further care is sure to be disappointed.

Fruit trees are particularly liable to the attacks of insects, more than two hundred and fifty different kinds feeding on the apple alone. Fortunately most of these are seldom present in destructive abundance and most can easily be coped with.

Of these insects the codling moth is perhaps the worst. This insect, often called the apple worm does an enormous amount of damage each year in Pennsylvania. This loss may be divided into two parts. Many apples are infested when they first form in the spring, and so injured that they soon drop off. Of those which remains, it is safe to say that a large proportion are so wormy as to be unsaleable, and perfect apples form less than half the number which are finally gathered.

Just how much Pennsylvania loses in this way cannot be easily estimated, but comparison with her northern neighbor, New York, may be of interest. In the latter state the average apple crop is estimated at 5,000,000 barrels, which at $1.50 a barrel would be worth $7,500,000, It is also estimated that wormy apples form one-third of the crop, making the loss to that state each year $2,500,000. Pennsylvania's loss from the same cause is not far below these enormous figures.

Withdrawal of Through Sleeping-Car Service between Pittsburg and Atlantic City.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that the through sleeping-car service between Pittsburg and Atlantic City on train No. 6, leaving Pittsburg at 7.05 P.M., and returning on trains leaving Atlantic City at 8.40 P. M., will be discontinued.

The sleeping car will leave Pittsburg on its last trip east-bound on Sunday, September 10, and returning, will leave Atlantic City on its last trip west-bound, Monday, September 11. 2-t.

HALF FAIR TO PHILADELPHIA.

Single Fair for the Round Trip via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the G. A. R. National Encampment, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia and return, September 2 to 5, at a single fare for the round trip (no tickets will be sold for less than fifty cents).

The tickets will be good to return until September 12, inclusive, but this limit may be extended to September 30 if the ticket is deposited with the Joint Agent at Philadelphia on September 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, and fifty cents paid.

For further information consult ticket agents. 3-t.

NOBODY can longer doubt the efficacy of the Dingley tariff law as a revenue producer. It was originally intended that it should produce at least one-half of the ordinary revenues, which averaged before the war expenditures began, one million dollars per day, and no additions for war expenses were made to it except the tea duty which brings less than a million dollars a month. Yet the receipts under it since March 1st have been $103,000,000, or an average of almost $700,000 a day, instead of the $500,000 per day expected of it. During the same period of the existence of the lamented Wilson law, the customs receipts were $75,-000,000, or less than three-fourths of the present law in a like term.

—The Bellefonte Academy will open its fall session in all the departments on next Monday, Sept. 11th. The corp of instructors will be as follows:

The Mathematical and Scientific departments in charge of Rev. J. P. Hughes, the principal, assisted by James G. Wright. The Classical department in charge of J. R. Hughes, the associate principal.

The English and Modern Language departments in charge of Miss Carrie Alice Lawrence, the lady principal.

The Intermediate department in charge of Miss Edith B. Wertz.

The Primary department in charge of Miss Helen E. Overton.

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds *himself* regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak," the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and nourish the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

"I can say to you, one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured me sound and well, after suffering two long years with stomach disease," writes W. H. Braswell, of McAdenville, Gaston Co., N. C. "My health is worth all the world to me. I will praise you as long as I live.".

A book of 1008 pages given away. On receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only, we will send you The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, free. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered edition, or 31 stamps for the same edition cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

There was an exciting hand to hand encounter on the High street bridge shortly after noon Friday between two belligerent natives of the county. No serious results are to be reported except an artistic black eye for one of the combatants. While the mill was of short duration it proved highly entertaining to the crowd of admirers of the fistic art who witnessed the dispute. We are pleased to say that the fracas came to an abrupt conclusion by the prompt appearance on the scene of Policeman Mullen.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and I thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

WOODWARD NEWS.

N. W. Eby intends running his Distillery Next Month.

The Gunsallus Show was poorly attended on Tuesday Eve. The people have not gotten over the Bedford Humbug yet Who will be next?

The Potato Crop at this end of the valley is yielding far better than was expected some time ago.

J. C. Motz intends leaving for the City sometime next month to purchase his fall and winter stock of goods.

All the farmers are busy getting ready to do their fall seeding. The rain was a great blessing to our farmers as it was to dry to plow, until it rained.

R. *M.* Wolfe and wife are making arrangments to attend the Export Exposition at Philadelphia next month.

Wm. Wolf has began making cider at his press north of town and reports a good many more apples than was expected.

Mr. McClausty the fat and jolly drummer of Williamsport Pa. spent Tuesday night in our town.

Elias Motz who has been on the sick list for a few days, is able to be out again.

M. O. Stover took two hack loads of our business men to the Business men's picnic at Hecla Park.

Quite a number of own citizen took in the Boob reunion which was held in the Woodward Narrows last Saturday. They report having a very pleasant time.

Warren Benner, one of our young hustling boys has taken the agency for the sale of the Pittsburg Times. He is a hustler and will, surely make his mark in this world if he keeps on as well as set a fine example to the other young boys of our town.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

COL. Watterson's Courier Journal continues to jab expansion editorials under Wm. J. Bryan's fifth rib.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also Old Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist.

WASHINGTON LETTER

from our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4th, 1899.

President McKinley returned to Washington Saturday afternoon, but left today for Philadelphia, to attend the annual encampment of G. A. R. He kept so thoroughly in touch with all important public matters during his absence that he found only routine business on his desk when he returned. He had informal talks with all the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Long, who is not in the city, and there was a regular Cabinet meeting today. He also heard a verbal report by President Schurman, of the Philippine Commission. He anticipates a pleasant time at the encampment owing to the large number of old friends he will meet there.

Commissioner Evans of the Pension Bureau completed his annual report before leaving for the G. A. R. encampment, and copies of the document will probably be distributed among the veterans. There is more or less talk of the probability of attack being made upon Commissioner Evans' method of administering the Pension Bureau, in the report of the G. A. R. committee, which made an investigation several months ago, and which will be submitted to the encampment; but Mr. Evans is confident that the Committee's report will show that he administered the laws properly, and that if there is any censure, it will be of the laws and not of him. The report of the Commissioner recommends the repeal of the law granting arrears of pensions to the widows of pensioners; he also recommends that the law shall be strictly enforced which requires every pension agent to prepare and mail to each pensioner whose pension is payable at his agency, a voucher fifteen days preceding each quarterly pension day The report says that during the present fiscal year, the arrears of work will be greatly diminished and that all claims will be made practically current. The report also expresses satisfaction with the the work accomplished during the year, and says: "The work is in far better condition than at any time since I assumed charge of the Bureau, and it is believed that further progress will be attained by the system that has been instituted in the different divisions. No new rules of evidence have been introduced, but the work has been accomplished under prescribed rules of many years standing."

Uncle Sam did pretty well for a summer month, in August, which is usually dull in official as well as in private business. The Treasury receipts were $8,150,000 more than they were in August of last year, and the surplus for the month was $4,455,862. The amount of gold in the Treasury is larger than ever before, the exact figures being $248,-757,971. These figures tell their own story of the prosperous condition of the government and of the country, and in the face of such a story, how ridiculous is the claim now being made by some democrats, that the democrats have a chance to carry the country next year. To accept such a claim is to impeach the intelligence of the voters of this country, who have too vivid a remembrance of Cleveland times not to fully appreciate a good thing when they have it, and to vote for its continuance.

The most-talked of event in political circles, just now, is the buying of the democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, by Mr. John R. McLean, whose actual residence is in Washington, but who has large property interests in Ohio corporations, and who is also the owner and nominal editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer. Republicans, including President McKinley, do not regard the nomination of McLean as an important factor in the gubernatorial campaign, because they believe that it has been from the day of the nonination of Judge Nash by the Republican convention of Ohio, only a question of how large a majority he would be given—there has never been and is not now the slightest doubt of his election. But the Bryan democrats are in almost a state of panic. They do not trust McLean. They believe that he has secured this nomination as a part of the plot to defeat Bryan for the democratic Presidential nomination, next year. They are too badly frightened to talk publicly, but among themselves, they are talking as hard as they can, and the wires have been kept hot with messages to the Bryan leaders, and to Mr. Bryan himself, containing plans to head off McLean's ambition. That Mr. McLean is a multi-millionaire everybody knows, but why he should be willing to spend any portion of his millions to get the empty honor of a democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, the Vice-Presidency, or even the Presidency, is something beyond the comprehension of ordinary mortals. But he has already made a start in lavish expenditures for a very empty honor, and that is what is worrying the Bryanites.

Secretary Root hopes and believes that the situation in Cuba will warrant the holding of municipal elections not later than next *May*.

To California, via the Midland Route

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for San Francisco, carrying first and second-class passengers, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City (with stop-over privileges at Salt Lake City,) for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

The Tourist Car berth rate from Chicago to San Francisco is only $6.00, and the sleeping car berths should be reserved a few days in advance of departure of train.

Through tickets and sleeping car accommodations can be secured from any agent in the east, or by applying at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Depot or City Ticket Offices in Chicago.

Send for our free illustrated California folders. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill., or John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

A SERVIAN Prince, who is a claimant for the Servian throne, is being lionized by the society toadies at Newport, who dote on anything foreign, especially if it has even the remotest connection with royalty.

A RELIABLE WOMAN WANTED

We want a reliable woman in every County to establish a corset parlor for the sale of Dr. Nicholas' Celebrated Spiral Spring Corsets. The best popular-priced custom-made Corsets in the world. Latest styles. Every corset is warranted not to break or rust, absolutely impervious to moisture or perspiration. A new pair given for every pair that breaks. Guarantee printed on each corset. Recommended by over 10,000 Physicians. We furnish complete stock on consignment and pay a salary of $40 to $65 per month and expenses. $3.00 sample outfit free. Send 10 cents postage for sample and terms.

NICHOLS MANUFACTURING CO.,
New Canaan, Conn.

CAPT. Grant Squires of the Signal Corps has been ordered to Manila to make experiments in establishing communication between bodies of troops by means of wireless telegraphy.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonals sent free. Price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE threat of the Silverites to unseat all the gold delegates to the National Convention, is a severe strain on the Democratic theory of government by the consent of the governed.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, Spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist.

The healthy old man wears his gray hairs like a silver crown. What if he be threescore and ten if there is still fire in his eye, firmness in his step, command in his voice and wisdom in his counsel? He commands love and reverence. Yet how few wear the mantle of age with dignity. Dim eyed, querulous of speech, halting in step, ceildish in mind, they "lag superfluous on the stage," dragging out the fag end of life in a simple existence. The secret of a healthy old age is a healthy middle age. The man who takes care of his stomach, who keeps his body properly nourished, will find that the body does not fail him in old age. The great value of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery lies in the preservation of the working power of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. From this centre is distributed the nourishment of the whole body, the salt for the blood, the lime for the bones, phosphates for the brain and nerves. A sound stomach means a sound man. A man who keeps his stomach sound by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" will wear the crown of gray hairs as befits a monarch, with dignity and ease.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

Three new cases of the bubonic plague were reported at Opporto, Portugal, Friday.

Two steamers met in collision in the North sea canal, and one foundered, with nine people.

Six hundred lives have been lost by the flooding of a mine at Besshi, Island of Shikou, Japan.

General Funston says the only way the Filipino insurgents can be suppressed is by whipping the natives.

The Kansas regiment lost 3 officers and 30 men killed and 19 officers and men from disease in the Philippines campaign. One hundred and fifty re-enlisted.

It is reported that a train on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville railroad was held up near Lincoln, Ills., Friday night. Particulars meager. Fire was opened on the robbers and one of them was killed.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

THE War Department has made a powerful movable search light which will be sent to Manila to be mounted on the intrenchments and used at night to light the surrounding country to prevent surprise by the insurgents.

Death of Mrs James E. Scott.

On Sunday morning, the spirit and life of Mrs. Anna McCormick Scott wife of James E. Scott, passed away into that unknown land beyond.

Mrs. Scott has been sick for the last nine month with a complication of diseases, having been a great sufferer, and it was not until death claimed her that this suffering ceased.

Mrs. Anna McCormick Scott was born at Spruce town Centre County, April 10th 1862 making her age 37 years 3 months and 25 days.

She was married on the 6th of March 1887, to James E. Scott, one child, Albert being born by this union. She leaves to mourn her departure, a husband one child, four brothers and two sisters. Her brothers and sisters names are, Thomas, of Chicago, Ill., James, of Cleveland, Ohio; Samuel, of Joliet, Ill. Vance, of Montandon, Pa.; Sarah Mesinger, of Joliet, Ill., and Maggie Dawson, of Missuola, Montana.

There was services at the house Monday evening on East Logan street at half past six conducted by Rev. Dr. Halloway of the Lutheran church. The body was taken on Tuesday morning to Spruce town for interment.

Prevention is Better Than Cure!

Green's 4 CHLORIDES prevents smallpox and other contagious disease

It is odorless and does not stain any material on which it is used.

If sprinkled about the house and premises it will keep the air purified and destroy all disease germs, thereby preventing smallpox and other contagious disease. Price 25cts. per pint bottle, making one gallon of disinfectant solution.

Fresh Vaccine points and Glycerinated Lymph always on hand. Manufactured only at

Green's Pharmacy,

Bush House Block. Bellefonte, Pa.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Nearly Bled to Death.

On Friday evening little John Parks, son of Wm. Parks of Willowbank street, was running across the road and accidently stepped on a broken bottle. The bottle severed an artery in the little fellows foot and it was with great difficulty they could get the flow of blood stopped. Medical aid was summoned but before it arrived the little lad had fainted away. We are glad to state that he is much better, and that there is no danger of blood poisoning setting in as it was at first feared.

Hay Fever-Summer Grip.

The symptoms of Hay Fever and La-Grippe are identical; prostration, sneezing, inflammation of the mucous membrane; Dr. Humphrey's Specific "77" cures both; 25c: at all druggists.

Mr. Bryan's latest feat of talking morning, noon and night at a small town out west is causing people to wonder what would happen to him if he was restricted to a Presidential message once a year.

Keep Coughing

We know of nothing better to tear the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than wet feet to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up long enough and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever and making everything exactly right for the germs of consumption.

Stop coughing and you will get well.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

cures coughs of every kind. An ordinary cough disappears in a single night. The racking coughs of bronchitis are soon completely mastered. And, if not too far along, the coughs of consumption are completely cured.

Ask your druggist for one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster.

It will aid the action of the Cherry Pectoral.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write us freely. You will receive a prompt reply that may be of great value to you. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Outlook for a Railroad.

The people of Sugar Valley after many years of waiting for a railroad to be built in that section of the state, are likely in the near future to have their hopes realized and to see two railroads constructed. Work on the extension of the Kulp railroad to Loganton it is stated has already been commenced.

J. F. Duncan & Company who have extensive lumbering operations in the fourteen mile narrow, east of Carroll, have constructed a railroad from Watsontown o a point half way through. the narrows. Engineers are at work it is said locating a route for an extension of the road to Loganton. It is further reported that this road will eventually be extended to Lamar where it will connect with the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania.

Off For Philadelphia.

Quite a number of old soldiers left Saturday over Lemont and Tyrone railroad for Philadelphia. They seemed as happy as a whole lot of little boys, going to a picnic, and they had a perfect right to feel that way, as they were going to meet old friends whom they had not seen for years, and probably will never see again.

Among those who had, the pleasure of going to the Quaker City were Thomas Wilson, and wife, Mr. Mulhollan, Amos Garbrick, Charles Smith and wife, Charles Glenn, Mrs John Noll, and daughter Bertha, Samuel Miller Charles Eckenroth and wife, David Bartley, Wm. Resides, John Bryan and others.

The Bellefonte Academy

Under the management of Rev. James P. Hughes and his son Prof. James R. Hughes will open its school year on Monday September 11th. This famous old academy was never in better condition than at present. The management is sparing no expense in its efforts to secure competent and efficient instructors. Already a successor has been selected to fill the post voluntarily resigned by Miss Julia Reed and Mr. Hughes is now endeavoring to obtain a thorough and capable teacher for the intermediate department. Our academy has front place in the rank of Pennsylvania educational institutions. It is deserving of every encouragement and assistance from our home people. If your children are preparing for college no better preparatory instruction can be had than that furnished by the academy. The institution is thorough, it is splendidly equipped in educational lines. It is a home enterprise. Give it your support.

The extreme length of the session of the Senatorial Committee to consider the financial question may be accounted for by the fact that they are held at a famous summer resort.

Champ Clark predicts the nomination and election of Bryan "unless death intervenes." This saving clause may be all that will sustain Clark's reputation as a prophet.

"I am no traitor" says Congressman Shattuc of Ohio. This ought to be the slogan of the Republican party in Ohio this fall.

The expected exodus of American capital and brains to Havana has not yet materialized. It takes a Klondike gold strike to make men brave death.

In The Justice Court.

Howard Trammel, colored, of this place. was arrested Friday morning and committed to jail charged with attempting to break into the house of Scott Lose on South Allegheny street. The attempted robbery occurred early Thursday morning between the hours of two and four o'clock. Mr. Lose was awakened by hearing some one at his rear kitchen window and demanded to know who was there and what was wanted. On receiving no reply he fired three times and believes that he wounded his man. Mr. Trammel stoutly maintains his innocence and says he can iprove an alibi. He was given a hearing before Squire Keichline Friday at ten o'clock. The prisoner was ably defended by the following array of legal assistance: Taylor & Johnston, Orvis Bower and Orvis, and William Gray Esq. The interest of the state was watched by Newton Spangler, the District attorney.

Scott Lose the prosecutor was the first witness, he was positive that Trammel was the man he saw about his house on Thursday morning and who tried to get in. James Lose son of former witness testified to the same facts.

Abe Jackson sworn, Mr. Jackson stated that he saw Trammel Wednesday night, was with him at eleven o'clock. He was very drunk when he left him. The next morning. Trammel told him that after he left, he got lost and that someone had shot him in the wrist.

Howard Trammel the prisoner testified that he was 25 years old, that he was in the employ of Col. J. L. Spangler, and had been for the past five years; that he did not know anything that bad transpired between Wednesday night and Friday morning. His arm was examined to show the justice where he had been shot. The result of the hearing was that Trammel was bound over to court in the sum of $200.00.

Justice of the Peace L. A. Schaeffer Resigns.

Squire L. A. Schaeffer has forwarded to the Governor at Harrisburg his resignation as Justice of the Peace in and for the borough of Bellefonte. Squire Schaeffer thoroughly knew and admirably discharged the duties of his office during his incumbency and his retirement from judicial service terminates an efficient and capable administration. The electors of Bellefonte will have a Justice of the Peace to vote for at the next spring election. Mr. Schaeffer's successor who will be appointed by Governor Stone will serve until the first Monday in May 1900 under such appointment.

The expansionists of the vigorous type call the anti-imperialists the "anti-imps", who retort by saying that they do not mind being called names.

The present high wages in the harvest fields come at an unfortunate time for the calamity campaigners.

In perhaps one case out of ten, the professional reformer is not a sorehead who has exhausted his facilities for obtaining a job from one of the two parties.

It is now in order for the "anti's" to blame the Administration for the recent storm in Porto Rico, which killed 1,000 and left 100,000 destitutd. It would be quite as logical as some of their criticisms.

Senator Blackburn of Kentucky should remember the obligation to say nothing but good of the dead. In a recent interview he alludes to "that pinchbeck Democrat, Grover Cleveland."

Somehow, Senator Tillman of South Carolina always seems to prefer to talk about something else whenever those little irregularities in connection with the state dispensaries are mentioned.

The Census Bureau will soon take up for consideration the question as to how many varieties of Democrats there are in the country. The problem is a knotty one.

The superstitious find something alarming in the sudden death of the second sculptor engaged in making the Dewey triumphal arch, in New York City. Both men dropped dead without warning.

The political "strikers", in Ohio are figuring on flush times during the next two months, even if they have a hard winter.

If asked to name the most influential book in American politics the truthful man would be compelled to say the checkbook.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A SPLENDID SUCCESS

The 4th Annual Business Men's Picnic of Centre and Clinton Counties.

THE WEATHER MAN WAS WITH US

He Gave us Fair Weather and the Largest Crowd ever Gathered at Hecla Park was the Result—15,000 People is a Fair Estimate of the Number Present.

EXCELLENT PROGRAM OF AMUSEMENTS

The fourth annual picnic of the Business Men's Picnic Association of Centre and Clinton counties which was held at beautiful Hecla Park yesterday (Thursday August 31st) will take rank as the most successful event of the kind held in the history of the association. The day was all that could be desired. That fickle fellow the weather man was kind to the business men and gave them an ideal picnic day. It was fair and not to warm just the day to spend in the woods. And the crowd what shall we say about that? It was simply immense and you had to be there to appreciate it and when you think that all the towns between Philipsburg and Williamsport sent big delegations you can begin to have some idea of the number present. Our own Bellefonte was like a deserted village and Sunday was not in it for quietness so the few who were left behind say. People began to arrive at the park before six oclock in the morning and all day long a continuous stream of people kept coming and going. The railroad company carried close onto 10,000 people and easily 5,000 people came by private conveyance, and all present had a good time that goes without saying. The best of order prevailed and a drunken man was a scarce article and as for fights there was not a single disturbance of the kind to record.

The amusements of the day were many and varied and included bicycle racing, foot races, base ball, dancing, balloon ascension and a grand display of fireworks in the evening. Two bands of music were present and gave concerts during the day. They were the famous Undine band of Bellefonte, which ranks as one of the best in the State, and the Good Templar band of Lock Haven, which took first prize at the recent band tournament at Hecla park. The famous Chappell orchestra of Williamsport furnished the music for dancing and the dancing floor was constantly filled with young people tripping the light fantastic.

The restaurants, boarding houses and stands did a land office business, fairly coining money, and by six oclock in the evening you could not get anything to eat except a sandwich and a cup of coffee and to get that you had to risk life and limb in a hand to hand struggle.

Hon. John Fow, of Philadelphia who was booked to make an address telegraphed at the last minute his inability to be present and his place was taken by Senator S. R. Peale, of Lock Haven, who made an interesting address.

The officers of the Association and the management committee are to be congratulated on the success of the picnic. The officers are H. Sechler, President, Bellefonte: G. L Morelock, Vice Pres, Lock Haven: J. C. Meyer, Secretary, Bellefonte: G. W. Fredericks, Treasurer, Flemington. The committees were as follows: Management Committee:—Hammon Sechler, Ch; J. Will Conley, G. W. Mason. Sub Committees Speakers:—Hammon Sechler, Hon. S. R. Peale; Bicycle Racing—Robert F. Hunter, Louis Anthony, H. J. Goss; Base Ball—Harry Keller, H. C. Quigley, T. J. Smull Jr. Fireworks—J. D. Sourbeck, Samuel Z. Martin, Geo. Loder; Music—J. C. Meyer, W. O. Bently, Harry Peck; Finance—T. A. Shoemaker, A. C. Mingle, G. L. Morelock; Printing—G. W. Fredericks, John I. Olewine, Oscar W. Miles; Closing Business Places—B. C. Achenbach, H. S. Satterlee, G. W. Rees, Frank Hess, A. J. Graham, Harry Linebaugh, Jno. D. Sourbeck, Sidney Krumrine, John G. Platt, D. H. Stoner. Foot Racing—Phil. D. Foster, John Todd Jr. Nelson Zuber.

THE BICYCLE RACES.

The bicycle races on the Athletic Field drew an immense crowd. The judges were Robert F. Hunter, Bellefonte; L. H. Anthony, Lock Haven; H. J. Goss, Philipsburg; Starter, James McNerny, Lock Haven. Referee, George Bush, Bellefonte. Timers, James Krom, Lock Haven; John M. Bullock, Bellefonte.

The first event was the One Mile Novice open to resident riders of Clinton and Centre counties. 1st prize value $15,-00, 2nd prize value $5,00. Won by Wilbur Twitmire, of Bellefonte; Jasper Stover of Bellefonte second and Richards, of Philipsburg, third. Time 2:46.

The One Mile Inter-county championship was the next event to be run. There were four entries Richards, of Philipsburg; J. J. Gessner, Wilbur Twitmire and John Teats of Bellefonte; and Smith Westport. In coming around the last lap Twitmire was thrown off his wheel and slightly injured. The race was won by John Teats of Bellefonte- Time 2:47 2-5. Gessner second. The first prize value was $25,00, second $15.00

The one mile dash for Juvenile riders was won by Jasper Stover of Bellefonte. Time 2:59 1-5. Prize value $5.00.

The colored race was won by Wilson Gordon, of Philipsburg, time 2:57 2-5 and Lawrence Williams, of Bellefonte. The prize value $5.00.

The foot race. a 100 yd. dash for a solid silver cup valued at $25.00 was won by Arthur Gill, of State College. Time 11 4-5 seconds.

BASE BALL GAME.

The base ball game took place a 3 P. M. and was witnessed by a big crowd. It was won by the Clinton county players and the score was 9 to 0 in favor of Clinton county.

The balloon ascension and parachute leap took place at 5 P. M. on the Athletic ground and was a decided success. The ascension was made by Prof. Leo Stevens, the famous New York aeronaut, and was a very thrilling affair. Thousands of people watched with breathless interest the daring ascent and perilous parachute leap.

In the evening one of the grandest displays of fireworks ever seen at Hecla Park concluded the days enjoyment. It was under the charge of John D. Sourbeck and George T. Bush, who should be congratulated on their success

Notwithstanding the strained relations between the United States and Germany, the exports from the United States to Germany in 1899 were the largest in the history of the trade between the two countries. The balance of trade is largely in our favor. It is no wonder that the Germans are seriously considering a plan to make trade conditions more equal between the countries.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's refusal to accept the invitation to attend the laying of the corner stone of the Chicago Post Office building, or to consider social invitations from our side of the border, is viewed in Washington as an indication that the prospect of an early peaceful settlement of the Alaska Boundry question is more remote than ever.

While the American newspapers are roasting William W. Astor for giving up his American citizenship to become an English subject, the Prince of Wales has made friends in America by his reported snubbing of Astor who was continually boring the Prince by his snobbish attentions.

The Republicans threaten to fasten the gold standard on the country at the next session of Congress. and the Democrats express pleasure that this action is contemplated. Thus, there seems to be every prospect of a fair and square fight between the two standards, with no "bimetallic" evasion on the part of the Republican.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A telegraphic message this week reports the arrival of Senator Wolcott; Tod Sloan, the jockey; Pedlar Palmer, the pugilist; and "other celebrities." It is unfortunate for the senator that he was not included under the class of "other celebrities."

The suggestion has been made that the Philippines be converted into a penal colony and the penitentiaries of the forty-five states be emptied and dumped into the Islands. This proposition is another indication that the "dog days" are at hand.

The South American combine against the United States turns out to be only a trade alliance. It could not well be otherwise. Where would the South American Republics be today were it not for the protecting arm of the United States?

The continued mention of Mr. Gorman's name as a presidential possibility causes us to draw attention to the fact that Mr. Gorman is not taking any time from his summer vacation to develope his chances of receiving the Democratic nomination.

The more Richard Croker's declaration for Bryan is considered, the more it becomes appearent to political students that it was intended solely for local effect in the coming November election.

The disparity between a $75,000 reception in New York and a $11,-000 gift house in Washington, will doubtless cause Admiral Dewey to wonder why the figures were not reversed.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The "anti's" are very fond of singing their old song "Why does the President not treat the Filipinos as he does the Cubans?" Congress has recognized the right of the Cubans to manage their own affairs under certain conditions, and the President has faithfully carried out the will of the people as expressed by Congress. What Congress may do regarding the Filipinos it is yet too early to determine.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

Painless Childbirth, our new book, tells how any woman may become a mother without suffering any pain whatever. Also how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter sent in sealed envelope. Address Frank Thomas & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md. jel-3m

Mr. Bryan thinks the Federal Government should lay its hands upon the states, and compel them to enforce laws against trusts. What would Jefferson have thought of this proposition for the Federal Government to take the states by the throat? And yet Mr. Bryan claims to be an admirer and follower of Jefferson.

$200.00 IN GOLD GIVEN FOR SELLING

The Life and Letters of Dewey, by A. M. Dewey, Under the Direction and Co-operation of the Admiral's Family.

The International News & Book Company of Baltimore. Md., offer $200.00 to any one for selling 165 copies of this book in three months. Greatest selling book offered to the American public in ten years. This is the only authorized, and complete life of the Admiral published. Drop cheap and inferior books on so-called lives. The only book upon this subject that an enterprising, wide-awake, up-to-date agent can afford to handle. Its title awakens pride, its context inspires patriotism, its suggestions arouse enthusiasm, its illustrations convey real knowledge beyond the power of words, its high purpose creats high ideals. its sale is immense, its success assured, its demand as wide as the continent. Complete outfit free, 50 cents must be sent for postage and packing. Freight paid; credit given. Write them quick. Aug. 24-4t

It is not likely that the Democratic National Convention will be called for February. If the Democrats had any definite policy to propose they might wish to get it before the people as soon as possible, but as all they appear able to do is to whine and find fault, they will probably wait and see what the Republicans will do.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; give instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures swollen feet, blisters and callous spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A great gathering of state Republican leaders from all parts of the country will be held at Washington this week in the interest of the administration and for a discussion of the political situation. President McKinley still has his ear to the ground for indications of popular sentiment.

Hon. Bill Stone of Missouri, has again lifted his head towards high heaven and protested his continued allegiance to Bryan. If Bryan is really the unanimous choice of his party, it is queer that such protestations of loyalty should be necessary every 24 hours.

Some Democrats appear to think they can capture the Iowa and German vote by claiming that expansion will lead to an English alliance. The Iowa state platform is constructed with the idea of fooling the people with this old scarecrow.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is trying to increase the export of American horses by convincing foreign governments that they are better for cavalry mounts than those procured from the Argentine Republican.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

—Every dog has his day and dog days are over.

—The corn crop in many parts of our country will be only half.

—"Talk is cheap"—Telephone talk is cheaper than anything you buy.

—Pensions granted: T. B. Senser, Unionville, $8. Henry Wren, Loganton, $6.

—Either side up, a twenty dollar gold piece enables one to look on the bright side.

—Diptheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

—Big-bustles are out of style, but the city would be behind the times without one.

—Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

—The first annual commencement of Lock Haven training school for nurses, will be held at the Lock Haven hospital on Thursday the 14th inst.

—A freight train was wrecked at Tyrone Monday evening by breaking a coupling and then coming together again. Eight cars were wrecked and traffic was delayed an hour.

—The Select Council of the Ancient Knights of the Mystic Chain, will meet in Lock Haven next week. The two castles of that place are making extensive preparations for the event and a big time is looked for.

—No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhœa, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

—Marion, the 16 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Foulk, of Danville, while playing near a bucket of hot water, fell backwards into it and received injuries from which she died in great agony.

—"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."
It it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

—Burglars paid a visit to the hardware establishment of W. C. Owens, in Philipsburg, on Wednesday night last, blowing open the safe, from which they secured less than $10. This is the fifth time this store has been burglarized, but the first time the safe was tampered with.

—The Old TELEPHONE RENTAL RATES have been reduced. The manager of your exchange will explain the New Rates if you make inquiry.

—Mr. Morris Kelly, one of the finest young man in Bellefonte, has now accepted a splendid position in the depot of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania. He has taken the place lately made vacant by Mr. William McClellan in the freight department. Morris is a good fellow and we wish him all the success in the world.

—Mr. James K. Barnhart, wife and children, accompanied by Miss Cora Campbell, a visitor at their home spent last Monday, (Labor Day) in a visit to the top of Nittany Mountain, where they took dinner, then proceeded to Penns Cave, to inspect the wonders of that subterranean cavern; they reached home again in time for supper.

—Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the founder of christian science, is alive and well according to the Boston Journal. A reporter of that newspaper had an interesting interview with this noted woman on the 20th of June, in which she stated that she hasn't felt more sound for forty years. Although 80 years old she said to the reporter of the Journal that she arose at six o'clock in the morning and worked all day.

—Two thousand members were present at the fifth annual convention of the Susquehana district session, Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Hecla Park, Monday. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follow: Chief commander, Chartian Hass; lieutenant commander, Henry Haag; district captain, George Beodaff, all of Williamsport. Addresses were made by Present Supreme Chief, C. B. Wood, of Philadelphia, Hon. James Schofield and W. Harrison Walker, of Bellefonte.

—Editor Wilbur F. Harris is away this week attending the National Veteran Reunion of the old soldiers of that older war of thirty-four years ago. The Local Editor is also there drinking in the enthusiasm of the glorious occasion. The paper is, therefore, left in the hands of the girls and boys of the force, who are all doing their level best to get out on time and make an issue of the paper that will at least pass muster and fill in the wide gap made by this heavy loss to our intellectual strength. We hope our readers will overlook any shortcoming that may appear—that our apology may be accepted by our readers.

BEAUTIFUL HOME WEDDING.

William Taylor Hunt and Anna Mabel Woodring Married at Noon Wednesday.

One of the prettiest weddings that has occurred in Bellefonte for a long time was that of Miss Anna Mabel Woodring, of Bellefonte, and Mr. William T. Hunt, of Williamsport.

The parlor where the ceremony was performed was beautifully decorated with golden rod, palms and cut flowers. The lace curtains and chandeliers were decked with asparagus.

The bride is one of Bellefonte's beautiful and accomplished young ladies, and has hosts of friends who wish her a life of unalloyed happiness. She is a daughter of ex-Sheriff David Woodring, one of Bellefonte's most highly respected and honored citizens. The groom is a handsome young man and holds a responsible position as one of the foremen at the Jenkins & Lingle machine shops. He is a son of Mr. Asher R. Hunt, one of Williamsport's leading citizens.

The bride was attired in a beautiful gown of white organdie trimmed in Normandy lace. She carried in her hand her marriage certificate. The groom was attired in a black serge coat, light trousers and patent leather shoes. The bride was attended by two little flower girls, Miss Adaline Woodring, the bride's sister, and Miss Sarah Hunt, the groom's sister. They looked very pretty, dressed in white organdie and carrying baskets of pink carnations.

The ceremony was performed promptly at twelve o'clock Wednesday by Rev. Dr. Wm. Laurie, of the Presbyterian church, after which an excellent wedding breakfast was served. No friends outside the immediate family of the bride and groom were present. They left on the 1:42 train for Washington, D. C., and other Southern cities, and after an extended wedding tour they will return to Bellefonte and go to housekeeping in the Burnside house on Curtin street. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and useful presents. The friends who attended the wedding from a distance were, Mr. and Mrs. Asher Hunt and two daughters, Misses Margarette and Sarah, and Mrs. Sarah Clark, of Williamsport. This paper extends to them its hearty wishes for a life full of happiness and joy.

Marriage License.

Samuel S. Yearick and Mary M. Brumgart, both of Madisonburg.

Wm. O. Ripka and Ida M. Lingle, both of Spring Mills.

Wm. H. Reed and Meda Bradley, both of Bellefonte.

Walter E. Brandt of Mt. Joy, Lancaster Co. and Miss Marie Beck, of Nittany.

Andro Drapp and Barbara Lorincy both of Clarence.

William Taylor Hunt and Anna Mabel Woodring, both of Bellefonte.

David M. Tate and Etta C. Hamer, both of Le mont.

Jacob Basthold of Sandy Ridge and Florence Lucas, of Julian Furnace.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for Sept. 4th 1899:

Mrs. D. Armitt Mr. Lewis Hecker Mrs. Rebecca Neil Mrs. May Schrage Mr. Jno. W. Weiler,

When called for please say advertised

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—TELEPHONE service is the cheapest thing on earth, when measured by the advantages gained to you in its use.

—The New York Central railroad company is constructing a long stretch of track along the Beech Creek railroad. The siding will be 2,344 feet long and will extend from the crossing west of Mill Hall to the straight line east of the Mill Hall brick works. A large force of men are at work.

—There is continued increasing activity in Centre County industries. Not for ten years past has there been half the number of men employed as now, nor half the number of works in operation. The great boom in the iron market has not only been the means of starting up every furnace plant in the county that is in shape to be operated to its fullest capacity, but every ore mine is being worked and new ones are being opened up in various localities.

—A barn belonging to H. C. Campbell, at Fairbrook, Centre County, was burned to the ground about 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon last. It was filled to the roof with grain, hay, etc., all of which were destroyed with the building, but no live stock was burned. The barn and contents were fully insured. The wife of a tenant was fumigating the chicken house adjoining the barn by burning tar, and during her temporary absence the building took fire with the result as stated.

—C. C. Bell, formerly of Bellefonte, now one of the instructors in masonary, at the Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, had the misfortune to meet with a painful accident on Thursday evening, of last week, which has since confined him to his bed. It is supposed, that he was standing on the bumpers of a freight car, at the depot, a car was pushed against it, throwing him off to the ground, falling across the rails on his stomach. He wondered home in a dazed condition. No bruises were visible, yet he suffered great pain. It is said, that his pocket book, containing a considerable sum o money is missing.

Notes From the Pennsylvania Experiment Station.

CONDIMENTAL FOOD.

The State Experiment Station has recently received for examination a sample of "Horse and Cattle Food," manufactured by the Rochester Horse and Cattle Food Company, of Rochester, N. Y. It is offered for sale in Pennsylvania at the rate of 14 7-12 cents per pound in 12 lb. lots, and at 8½ cents per pound in lots of 200 lbs. It has a dark color, bitter saline taste and somewhat aromatic odor; the microscope reveals numerous particles of charred material and wheat starch grains. Its composition is not very different, as regards the materials for which concentrated feeds are bought, from that of a mixture of equal parts of winter wheat bran and Buffalo gluten feed.

	Horse and Cattle Food.	Mixed Wheat Bran and Gluten Feed
	Per Cent.	Per Cent.
Moisture	8.8	10.1
Ash	11.3	2.9
Protein	14.2	17.3
Crude fiber	12.8	7.5
Nitrogen-free extract (starch etc.)	44.3	53.9
Fat	8.6	8.3
	100.0	100.0

For practical purposes, the latter mixture is about as good a food as the "Horse and Cattle Food," and with winter bran in bulk at Pittsburg costing $15.50 to $17 per ton and gluten feed in bulk costing $16.50 at Buffalo, the cost of the mixture would be about 1 cent per pound. The added condiments have little medicinal value and well animals, it has been found by repeated careful experiment, utilize no more, if as much, of their food when condiments are added. WM. FREAR.

For Benefit of W. C. T. U.

Miss Jessie A. Ackerman, the justly famous lecturer, traveler and writer, who has traveled twice around the world, spending nine years in foreign lands, will speak in the M. E. church next Sunday evening. On Monday evening she will speak in the Court House. The lecture will be free, but a collection will be taken. Miss Ackerman lectures under the auspices and for the benefit of the W. C. T. U. In speaking of this famous Christian worker the Detroit Free Press of July 9, 1899, says:

"Among the unique characters standing upon the horizon of our day, as one who has made a record while still a young woman, Jessie Ackerman is truly foremost. Still less than forty, she has accomplished what no other woman has done along the same lines.

"When twenty-seven years old she started out alone to girdle the globe in the interests of Christian work.

"She accomplished the marvelous feat of twice circling the globe, visiting in all nearly fifty countries. These journeys covered a period of nearly nine years of continuous travel and the great distance of 300,000 miles was covered.

"As we comprehend this stupendous task we are led to analyze the elements that led to the success of this great achievement, and begin with Miss Ackerman's personality.

"Beyond a doubt she is the most striking and distinguished looking woman on the American platform, and perhaps it is not overstating it to say that she is the most unique. Nearly six feet in height, so proportioned that no one is aware she is above the average size, she moves about with a grace quite unusual in large women. Her power over an audience is, undoubtedly, her great force of magnetism and her thoroughly original manner in presenting her subject. Every utterance is stamped with her personality and each word seems charged with an electric force that thrills her audience, moving them quickly to tears or laughter, making her a great power for any cause she espouses.

"Miss Ackerman spoke at Detroit National Convention of Christian Endeavorers, the audience numbering 15,000 people."

Not much has been heard from Paty de Clam's testimony, which strengthens the suspicion that it does not exactly support the honor of the army.

While shouting that Carter is abused his attorneys should not omit to produce the evidence concerning that $1,600,000 which he was convicted of having aided in a disappearing act.

Your Uncle Paul Kruger chooses his Scriptural texts with judgment and there is also an impression that he selects his Mausers with care.

If the prosecutors of Dreyfus can get a few more hostlers and valets to tell yarns about the prisoner there will not be enough of their case left to bury.

Now our friend, the London Spectator predicts that the United Stated is to absorb San Domingo. But even the imperialist organs politely decline the invitation. While San Domingo is nearer than some other islands the recognition is general that we have troubles enough of our own already.

The court may have thought it was wasting time, but the artillery experts spent yesterday in making mincemeat of the evidence against Dreyfus.

It is reported that Joseph Leiter has gobbled up the gilsonite disposite of the West. Perhaps so; but it is safe to assert that before young Mr. Leiter attempts any corner on gilsonite he will take pains to learn Uncle Phil Armour is on the other side or not.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Hon. John G. Love returned Wednesday from Philadelphia.

Harris Mann and wife, of Lewistown, are visiting in Bellefonte.

Edward Chambers Esq. left Wednesday morning for Philadelphia.

Miss Jennie Best of Mackeyville, is visiting friends at Centre Hall.

Harry Deihl left Monday morning to transact business in Harrisburg.

Malcolm Laurie returned on Tuesday from a very pleasant trip to Cape May.

The venerable William P. Fisher of Unionville, spent Tuesday in town on business.

Mr. Geo. Scott, of Akron, Ohio, is a guest at his son James' home on Logan street.

Clyde Smith and Fred Sourbeck are taking in the sights in Philadelphia this week.

Prof. Harry Stephens, of Carlisle, is visiting his father Rev. Dr. Stephens on Linn street.

Richard Taylor (better know as "Dick") is now employed as one of Schad brothers plumbers.

Miss Maggie Bell, of Huntingdon, Pa, is visiting her uncle Mr. T. C. Bell on High street.

Miss Bertha Hayes has returned home after a very pleasant visit with friends at Tyrone and Altoona.

Miss Iva Kidder of State College, spent last week at the home of T. J. Smull and family at Mackeyville.

Mrs. W. B. Parker, of Somerset, Pa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. Ross Parker on Thomas street.

Miss Ruth Case after a pleasant visit with friends at a distance returned to her home on Wednesday.

Miss Rose Fox returned on Saturday evening from an extended visit with her uncle in Newton, Kansas.

Hon. James A. Beaver left Monday afternoon for Philadelphia, to attend the Grand Army Encampment.

Col. Geo. A. Bayard left Monday evening for Philadelphia where he will participate in the G. A. R. Encampment.

Miss Anna V. Lyon after a very pleasant visit at Carlisle, is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. R. V. Pugh on Curtin street.

Mr. and Mrs Claud Jones and, son of Tyrone, spent Sunday at the home of Monroe Armor, on East Linn Street.

Master Ellis Myerle, of Brooklyn, New York, has arrived in Bellefonte and will be a student at the academy this winter.

Mrs. Margaret Funk and Mrs. Viola M. Burns, of Bradford, Pa., are guests at the home of Albert Roberts on Penn street.

Mr. Lucas of East Lamb street with his family are moving from Bellefonte to Snow Shoe where they will reside in the future.

Grace Miller and Laura Knights, have returned home after a visit in Bellefonte, Tyrone and State College.—Lock Haven Express.

Mrs. Edward Rankin returned to her home at Harrisburg last Wednesday afternoon after a pleasant visit with relatives in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Gilbert Beaver returned to her home in Bellefonte Wednesday after an extended visit at her home in Harrisburg and at the sea shore.

Philip King and wife of Williamsport were arrivals in town Tuesday evening on a visit to Mrs. Kings parents, Mr. and Mrs. Steinkirchner of Bush edition.

Mr. Harmon Kruse, the expert glass-gatherer, returned on Saturday with his wife from his old home in Bridgeton, N. J. He is now ready to get down to work for the winter.

Rev. Elmer Williams was a guest in Bellefonte on Wednesday, He expects to leave next week for Carlisle where he will enter Dickenson College, and study for the ministry.

Miss Florence Rhone, the accomplished daughter of Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, returned on Saturday from an extended trip through New York State and part of Canada.

Mr. Edward Beezer, one of Bellefonte's boys, is now permanently located in Snow Shoe, where he is running a first-class butcher shop. Ed is a hustler and we wish him much success.

Miss Cora Campbell, of Punxsutawny, sister of Mrs. James K. Barnhart, is visiting at the pleasant home of the Barnharts, on North Thomas street. She will remain with them for several weeks.

Mrs. Wm. Derstine left on Tuesday afternoon for Pittsburg where she will spend a few weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. Marshall. Mr. Derstine expects to leave today to spend a few days also in the Smoky city.

Miss Jennie Crittenden, eldest daughter of Rev. Crittenden on East Linn street arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday evening. It, is a little over three years since Miss Jennie left Bellefonte for her Uncles home in Waterbury, Conn. to take a business course in one of the Colleges at that place. Miss Crittenden now holds a responsible position in one of the largest Insurance Offices in Waterburg. We understand that her vacation will be but a short one, but trust that it will be brim full of pleasure to herself and her many friends in this place.

Delicious Hot Biscuit

are made with Royal Baking Powder, and are the most appetizing, healthful and nutritious of foods.

Hot biscuit made with impure and adulterated baking powder are neither appetizing nor wholesome.

It all depends upon the baking powder.

Take every care to have your biscuit made with Royal, which is a pure cream of tartar baking powder, if you would avoid indigestion.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Miss Ottilie Hughes and John Kerr, a young man who will attend the academy this year, returned on Friday evening from Cape May.

Miss Minnie T. Brew has returned to Bellefonte from Toledo, Ohio, where she spent an enjoyable visit with her brother Constance Brew who resides in that city.

W. Harrison Walker transacted legal business in Lock Haven Saturday.

Mr. Samuel Taylor, the china merchant of this place, spent Sunday in Altoona.

Mr. George T. Brew, of Oakland, Md., spent a day with Bellefonte friends last week.

Mr. George Burns left Saturday morning to spend Sunday and part of this week with his uncle in Sunbury.

Mr. William Burnside entertained a party of friends Saturday afternoon at the Nittany Rod and Gun Club.

Prof. James R. Hughes, of the Bellefonte Academy, looked after the interests of this superior educational institution at Jersey Shore Saturday.

Mr. Earle Tuten, editor of the DAILY NEWS, and Mr. Frank McCoy, of Potters Mills, left Saturday morning for Philadelphia where they will enjoy a week among the old soldiers.

Miss Grace Hatten and Mrs. Martha Pritchard who have been visiting at the home of Mr. Geo. W. Rees on Willowbank street, returned to their homes at Wilkesbarre on Friday afternoon.

Gen. D. H. Hastings, Gen. John I. Curtin, Mr. Frank Wallis and wife left Monday morning on the 6:40 train over the Lewisburg road for Philadelphia where they will attend the Grand Army Reunion.

Mr. Wm. Hatton, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is visiting at the home of Mr. Geo. W. Rees on Willowbank street. Mr. Hatton was a member of Co. I, of the 9th P. V. I. and served during the Spanish American war.

Mr. George Bottorf who has for the past eight years been fireman in the electrical department at State College, has now accepted a much better position in the Allegheny R. R. Shops at Pittsburg. He returned to Lemont Monday where he will get his family ready, and move to Pittsburg immediately.

Albert Hoy, of Providence, Rhode Island, is visiting his old home in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Keller, of Lancaster, are guests at the home of Harry Keller, Esq., on East Linn street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Richard returned home Thursday evening from their sojourn at Atlantic City.

Mr. Ed. Harper left Thursday for Pittsburg to accept a lucrative position with the American Steel Hoop Co., of that city. He has the best wishes of his many Bellefonte friends for his success in the smokey city.

Lieut. George L. Jackson left for Harrisburg Thursday afternoon at 2:15 where he will take charge of a recruiting station. He has been assigned to the 47th Inf. Reg. which will be commanded by Col. Howe of the 4th Artillery, who was once commandant at the Pennsylvania Station College.

A. G. Morris of Tyrone, was an arrival in town Tuesday morning.

Miss Edna Meyer returned Monday from a visit to friends at Aaronsburg and vicinity.

Col. P. James Coburn returned Tuesday morning from a trip to his old home at Aaronsburg, Pa.

W. Arthur Hollar after a very enjoyable visit at the home of John Meese of Logan street, departed Tuesday morning for his home at Everett, Pa.

Miss Mabel Pletcher of Howard, is visiting at the home of H. E. Rodman at Slate Run, Pa.

Rev. Charles Woods of Philadelphia is a guest at the home of Mrs. Wistar Morris on Allegheny street.

Mrs. Seymour and daughter, of Slate Run, Pa., are visiting friends and relatives in Bellefonte and vicinity.

E. R. Chambers, Esq., wife and family, returned Monday from a visit to friends at Kennett Square, Philadelphia.

Mrs. E. V. Hitchcock returned Saturday to her home at Williamsport, after an enjoyable visit with friends at Bellefonte.

Miss Vera Snook after spending her vacation very pleasantly, with her mother and sister in Bellefonte, departed Friday for Philipsburg where she is employed as a teacher in the public school.

WHY WOMEN ARE NERVOUS.

[*British Medical News*]

The frequent cases of nervous prostration or utter collapse of the nervous system under which women 'go all to pieces,' as the saying is, have caused much thought and investigation on the part of physicians.

Certain inorganic substances are well known to cause various forms of nervous diseases which are readily traced to the poisons producing them. Further research leads to the belief that alum is a prevailing cause of so-called nervous prostration, for the symptoms it produces on the nervous, system after its absorption into the blood are very remarkable indeed. Experiments physiologically made upon animals by Orfila, Professors Hans Mayer, Paul Seim and others, show that alum frequently produces no visible symptoms for many days after its introduction into the body. Then follows loss of appetite and other alimentary distrubances, and finally a serious prostration of the whole nervous system. The most prominent physicians now believe that that 'nervous prostration" and many affections of the nerves from which both men and women suffer are caused by the continued absorption of alum into the system.

It is probable that many medical men are unaware of the extent to which salts of alumina may be introduced into the body, being under the impression that the use of alum in bread is prohibited. Alum, however, in still used surreptitiously to some extent to whiten bread, and very largely making cheap kinds of baking powder. In families where baking powder is generally used great care should be exercised to procure only those brands made from cream of tartar. The alum powders may generally be distinguished by the lower price at which they are sold.